

The Raymond Recorder

The News and Advertising Medium of Southern Alberta's Sugar District

VOL 5

RAYMOND, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, SEPT 16 1927

NO. 32

DON'T Wait

See them Now!

Mens' and Boys'

Suits and Overcoats

Men's Suits - \$25 to \$35

Men's Overcoats - \$25 to \$42.50

Boys' Pants Suits - \$14 to \$20

Boys' Coats - \$12 to \$20

You Must See for Value

THE BIG DEPARTMENT STORE

Raymond Merc.

COMPANY, LIMITED

no matter how good your

Harvesting Implements

and before you will occasionally require new replacement

Parts

We handle them for your convenience

Raymond Service Station

J. D. HALL

Chrysler Cars Dealer Star Cars

Patronage Dividend Payment

One Cent Per Bushel

Payment of one cent per bushel is being made on Patronage Dividend Receipts issued on street grain purchased by United Grain Growers Ltd. during the past crop year, up to August 15, 1927.

Holders of Patronage Dividend Receipts, issued before August 15, should present them to be cashed at the elevator.

UNITED GRAIN GROWERS LTD.



Against That Day

The fabled years of ancient Egypt's fulness and famine - the striking lessons found in other historic facts and natural life processes establish saving among the fundamental laws upon which Nature makes her sure investments. Follow your natural personal instinct to "lay by store" by adding regular installments to a savings account in the Standard Bank.

BANKING
FIFTY
YEARS

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

RAYMOND BRANCH—T. L. Halpin, Manager

Sugar Beet Club

GENERAL RULES

1. Any Grower is eligible for membership in the Fifteen Ton Club who has made entry before July 10th 1927 on the coupon provided and who grows 5 measured acres of beets which produces an average of 15 tons per acre. The word member relates to grower who has qualified according to the above conditions.

2. Entrants desiring to drop out of the contest due to crop failure or other reasons should so advise Fieldman or Judge before Sept. 15th, 1927.

3. Patches to be entered must be measured and staked with discernible and reasonable permanent stakes before the arrival of the Judges.

4. Five acres competing for any prize must be in one block.

5. Location of patch to be entered must be given to Fieldman or Judge by Sept. 20, 1927.

6. Fieldmen and scalmen must be notified when harvest is to start on competitive patch and fieldman must be on field when 1st and last loads are taken away.

7. Scalmen will designate all beet receipts from contest patches. 8. Final figures will be taken from the Sugar Co. records of beets delivered from competing patches.

9. Prizes will be allotted after beets have been delivered and the Judges have approved the figures and rendered their decision which shall be final.

10. All entrants qualifying for membership shall receive the Club Emblem and shall be eligible for 1928 competition without further entry.

FIFTEEN TON CLUB PRIZES

1. The Lethbridge Herald Grand Trophy Challenge Cup, to be awarded for one year to member growing, LARGEST TONNAGE PER ACRE ON 5 ACRES.

2. Sugar Company Grand Prizes \$50.00 to member producing largest total tonnage.

3. Sugar Company Prize of \$35.00 to member producing highest average tonnage on 40 or more acres.

4. Summit Lime Works Special Prize of \$25.00 to member producing highest average tonnage on 5 acres who thinned 25 to 40 acres.

5. Sugar Company prize of \$25 to member producing highest average tonnage on 5 acres who thinned less than 25 acres.

6. Seven 100 lb. bags of Alberta Sugar to seven members producing next highest average tonnage on 5 acres.

7. 1 pair irrigation boots will be given by Great West Rubber Co. to each member winning any of the above prizes.

8. A Club Emblem will be given to each member qualifying for continued membership in THE 15 TON BEET CLUB, by producing 15 tons per acre on 5 acres.

Town Council

The following business was discussed at the last Town Council meeting:

Report on the sidewalks was made by O. J. Rolison with certain places outlined for repairs.

By-laws were passed increasing bonus to meet the requirements of school and town until taxes come in.

A by-law was passed regulating crossings on sidewalks.

Permission was given C. W. Card to drain his basement.

The Marshal was instructed to see that tile sewer was put on the addition to the Alfred building.

Dr. Staples' application for the position of health officer was tabled until Mr. D. A. Bennett's return.

Mayor Cope and Councillor Lamb were appointed to inspect the road west of town before payment was made to C. W. Tollestrup.

J. W. Evan's petition for \$30 to pay for the banquet held at the School of Agriculture was not granted until the matter was more fully understood.

Light accounts in arrears were were divided and Constable Van Orman and Mr. Hawk were instructed to each collect half. The Secretary was instructed to use every effort to get these collections in.

Mr. VanOrman's and Mr. Hawk's reports were accepted.

Build And Let Build

As far back as history begins there have been persons who have stood in the way of progress, some for reasons mercenary, others because of a real lack of vision or natural narrow tendencies.

It is a matter of record that the builders of the ancient cities and public monuments, some of which but, in fact, 20 times as much.

News Notes

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Low left here this morning for Philadelphia, where Mr. Low will continue his study of medicine at the university of Pennsylvania. Mr. Low is a graduate of the U. of U. at Salt Lake, graduating last year with the premier honors of the school.

The sugar beet field of Frank Gibb Hillspring bids fair for the 15-ton per acre prize. This field furnishes a real picture and is a comment of all passersby being located on the main travelled road, to the Waterton lakes. It is the best field of beet that has been grown in the district, a distinction of which the owner might well be proud. Lethbridge Herald

still exist were met by hundreds of obstacles placed in their way by visionless men, who did not have future interests of their communities and the world at heart.

This same condition may be applied to our own community today. We see opposition to things which would expedite business or cause an economic improvement or would in humanity's sake afford protection against sickness or the killing of hundreds of motorists or pedestrians. Here there should be no room for the obstructionist. Raymond is building pages of history and there should be nothing at this time to hamper its progress.

The truly great men of all time is the builder, the one who does nothing for himself or fellow man is a cheat and the one who interferes with progress is little better. "Build and let build" should be our motto and the future will comfortably arrange itself. There are many things to be considered in the building up of a community. Ten men can do more than one and when these 10 men are arranged in team formation, their work can not only count much more than 10 times but, in fact, 20 times as much.

Friday Only

JOHNNY HINES IN

Stepping Along

You will go a long way before you will find better entertainment.

MATINEE SATURDAY

KIDS 10c

Added attraction tonight - PREMIER ORCHESTRA

Saturday Only

LEATRICE JOY IN

EVE'S LEAVES

COMING

STARTING THURSDAY NEXT WEEK

Zane Grey's



Man of the Forest
REX THEATRE

Shirts Shirts Shirts

Largest Stock in Town

Come and see them

Blazers & Sweaters

For Men and Boys

Everything to keep you warm these chilly days
We Enjoy Displaying our Stock

The Broadway Store

Be Comfortable these chilly days by wearing -

Watson's or Stanfield's

We have a complete stock of these two reliable makes of underwear.

Odd lines of Ladie's Shoes

Prices 25c,

\$1.00 - \$2.00 - \$3.00 - \$4.00

Bennett & Co. Ltd.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE

News Notes

The Raymond School Fair is to be held Friday, September 23rd.

The business men have been very liberal in donating prizes this year. There will be a larger display of school work this year than any year previous, the livestock will be better also. Along with the livestock the Pig Club will have an exhibit which will consist of 10 pens of pigs. The High School, as well as the Public School, is taking an interest in the fair this year and there will be many good exhibits from there.

Let the kiddies see "Stepping Along" at the matinee Saturday at 3 p. m. Complete change of program Saturday night, Leatrice Joy in "Eve's Leaves".

The first ward mutual opening will be on September 25th. An opening social will be held on Sept. 20th. There will be a program followed by dancing after which lunch will be served.

Mrs. Harding Brewerton from Salt Lake was a visitor here last week.

Mrs. A. Corless will return home today from a visit to Portland.

Now packed in **Aluminum**, the same as years ago.

RED ROSE TEA

RED ROSE ORANGE PEKOE is extra good.

Opportunities For Britain In Canada

Great Britain has a problem and Canada has a problem, one being the exact opposite of the other. In the British Isles there is a surplus population for which employment cannot be found. In Canada there are enormous resources and vast areas of fertile lands which call for increased population in order that development may take place. The Old Land has too many people; this New Land has too few.

Looking at the face of things it would seem to be a comparatively simple matter for the British and Canadian Governments to evolve policies under which the surplus population of Great Britain could be transferred to the open spaces of Canada, thus solving the problems of both countries. But the solution is not so easy, in fact, it is most complex and difficult.

The class of settlers which Canada wants is the agricultural type, men and women who will go on the land. True, they may not have had actual farming experience to be welcomed and to succeed, but they must be of that class which is likely to make good on the land.

Great Britain, however, has no large surplus of this type. It, indeed, any surplus at all. The British surplus population is found among the workmen, artisans and labor class, men and women who, because they cannot obtain steady employment, are obliged to accept the government dole. Opportunities for the employment of any large number of these people in Canadian industry are small, and it would be most unfair to them to encourage their immigration to Canada where their presence would have an injurious effect on Canadian workmen and labor and lead to the creation of a Canadian situation not unlike the present one in Great Britain.

The efforts of both the British and Canadian Governments are, therefore, confined to the training of a limited number of immigrants for agricultural pursuits and the proper placing of them on farms in Canada. Welcome as these efforts are, their effect on the respective British and Canadian problems of surplus and insufficient population is almost negligible.

There would seem to be a greater hope of making an effective contribution towards the solution of this joint problem in the adoption of the idea which has been urged of late, namely, that the great capacities in British industry establish branch plants in Canada in order to enable them to successfully compete in the growing Canadian market with their United States rivals and that they staff these branch plants with their own workmen from the British Isles.

The general adoption of such a policy would result in profitable investment of British capital, would lead to a marked development of the natural resources of this Dominion, would help to adjust the balance of trade as between Canada and the United States, would add to the population of the Dominion profitably employed, would ease the unemployment situation in the Old Land, and would increase the productive capacity, the prosperity and wealth of the Empire as a whole.

It will be frankly admitted that the industrial leaders of Great Britain have had to face enormous difficulties during and since the war. They have borne, and are still bearing, heavy burdens. They may justly feel that the present is not the time to launch out on new and untried ventures. The situation is, however, that only through the adoption of heroic measures will conditions in the Old Land be bettered, and some relief brought to British industry. Furthermore, under existing conditions, British industries are losing out in the Canadian market. An effort should be made to hold and strengthen their position here before it is too late.

It is gratifying to note that one big British concern has decided on a great undertaking in the Province of Quebec, an announcement has just been made that British financial interests controlling tens of millions of capital have finally concluded arrangements for the utilization of Southern Saskatchewan lignite coal in the carbonizing and briquetting of this fuel on a large commercial scale and will within the next few months invest hundreds of thousands of dollars in the enterprise.

Premier Brownlee of Alberta and Hon. Chas. A. Dunning have both been urging the adoption of this branch factory policy upon the British manufacturer, and it is to be hoped that so astute a business man as Premier Stanley Baldwin himself a big manufacturer, will see the advantages to Britain, to Canada, to the Empire, of such a policy, and urge its adoption upon his fellow manufacturers in the British Isles.

Would Help Aviators

Towns Should Show Their Name Readable From Air

British aviation authorities say the time has come for English towns to erect big signs with the names of the town visible to casual airman who loop the Atlantic now with the simplest of navigation instruments and big scale maps.

The request of Edward F. Scher and William S. Brock, is the pride of Detroit, that the inhabitants of the little South coast resort of Heaton spell out the name of the town and country on the beach sand so the fliers would know what country they had reached, will go down in history as one of the strangest questions ever asked in England.

Minard's Liniment relieves backache

Manitoba's Minerals

Current activities in the mineralized areas in southeastern and northwestern Manitoba indicate that the province will soon become a steady producer of gold and possibly an important source of copper and zinc.

Says Pre-War Days

Will Never Return

Russian Prince Hints German Monarchy Is Gone Forever

"History does not repeat itself. Thirteen hundred and fourteen and the years before will not come back." So Prince William of Prussia, eldest son of the former German Crown Prince, declared in conversation with a woman friend of his mother at Oels Castle in Silesia.

While she avoided analyzing the meaning of William's utterances it is generally agreed that what the most popular candidate of the German Royalists for the Imperial throne implied was that there could be no restoration of the German monarchy as it existed before the war.

The scales used in weighing diamonds are so delicately poised that the weight of a single eyelash will turn the balance.

With a total population of about 160,000, Leavenworth, a village in Suffolk has eighty bachelors.

Speaks Several Languages

Secretary Of State For the Dominions Finest Linguist In British Cabinet

Mr. L. C. M. S. Amery, the Secretary of State for the Dominions, is unquestionably the finest linguist in the present British Cabinet. He speaks several Oriental dialects as well as European languages.

When in Salonica, Sir George Milne, or "Uncle George" as the C. in C. was invariably called, asked one of his staff officers if he understood modern Greek. The officer replied that he did not, but that he had a good handbook on Greek and also that he knew a man who was supposed to be quick in picking up languages.

So Captain Amery was sent for and presented with the handbook. "Can you get the hang of it by next week?" asked Sir George. "Oh, certainly," was the reply. "You seem very confident," said Sir George. "Well, you see, I wrote it," replied Captain Amery.

On Ladies' Toes Are Sore Corns

Quick safe relief is almost instantaneous if you apply Putnam's Corn Extractor. Shoes won't pinch or hurt any more. One single drop of Putnam's stops the pain. A few applications make the corn dry up and drop off. Putnam's Corn Extractor gives satisfaction. Thousands use it every day. Get a bottle from your druggist. Refuse a substitute for Putnam's.

Water Power Development

The present recorded water-power resources of the Dominion will permit of a turbine installation of 41,700,000 horsepower. The total hydraulic installation up to the end of 1926 throughout the Dominion was 4,556,226 horsepower or less than 11 per cent of the recorded water-power resources.

GIRLHOOD DANGERS

Come Through a Weakening Of the Blood—A Tonic Is Needed

In their early teens it is quite common for girls to outgrow their strength, and mothers should carefully watch the health of their daughters at this time. It is when the strength is sapped by rapid growth that anaemia develops. The first signs may be noticed by nervousness, languor and headaches. The face grows pale, breathlessness and palpitations become apparent, with low spirits and depression.

Neglected anaemia often leads to a decline, but if you see that your daughter's blood is enriched there need be no cause for anxiety. The finest blood-builder ever discovered is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They will build up your girl's health and ensure for her healthy womanhood. In proof of this Mrs. George Justison, Black's Harbor, N.B., says: "I think Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a wonderful medicine. My daughter, Margaret, was in such a badly run down condition that we feared she was going into a decline. Her face was pale, the least exertion would leave her breathless and she suffered from headaches. She had no appetite and lost a lot in weight. Up to the time we began giving her Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, no treatment had helped her. But thanks to the use of this wonderful medicine she is again well and strong, showing no signs of the trouble that had so weakened her."

In all troubles due to weak, watery blood, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will be found a reliable remedy. Sold by all medicine dealers or sent by mail at 50 cents a box by The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Good Crops Along H.B. Line

Grain fields equal to those on the prairies were seen at Mile 42, Cormorant Lake, on the Hudson's Bay Railway by J. D. Guild, superintendent of illustration stations for the Dominion experimental farm, who has returned from an inspection trip over the route. He reports that at other points, grain is coming along well except at Mile 81, where cutworms have done considerable damage to vegetables. At Mile 42 there is an excellent stand of flax and pumpkins 15 inches through.

National Dairy Council

Mr. W. F. Stephen, secretary, announces that the ninth annual meeting of the National Dairy Council of Canada will be held at Toronto, on November 21 and 22 next. A number of questions will be up for discussion of interest to dairymen and dairy manufacturers. The programme will be outlined shortly.

Drives away pain—Minard's Liniment.

W. N. U. 1297

Effect Will Be Far-Reaching

Saskatchewan Farmers Will Benefit Greatly By Raising Of Railway Commissioners

By the ruling of the Board of Railway Commissioners on the equalization of grain rates, Saskatchewan will gain nearly \$2,000,000 annually, starting this year.

The figure is authentic and was proven at the hearing at the freight rates probe held this spring. Saskatchewan's counsel, W. H. McEwen, K.C., quoted it to support his argument for lower rates in the West.

Flaures in opposition to Mr. McEwen's submissions to the Board were filed by counsel for the railways. From these figures Alex. McDonald, Saskatchewan's freight rate expert, showed that Saskatchewan's contention was correct and a two million dollar saving annually to this province alone would accrue in a normal year.

It was only after long and arduous argument and appeal that the West was able to score the victory recorded. It will be recalled that when the present year opened, counsel for Alberta and Saskatchewan, who pleaded jointly, were fighting hard to get judgment on their case handed down separately in order to have the new rates apply on the 1927 crop.

An appeal to have the grain submissions heard apart from the general rates investigation was abortive when carried as far as the Governor-General-in-Council.

Counsel returned West only hoping that an early ruling would be handed down to make a saving on the 1927 crop.

The Generous Public

Patrons Of Benefit Concert Qualified To Receive Proceeds

It had been a cold and stormy winter, and there had been a long strike in the milk industry of the little village. There was some suffering and a good deal of want among the poorer people. A local philanthropist arranged a public entertainment for their benefit. No admission was charged but a collection was to be taken at the close of the program.

The entertainment was a good one and it was thoroughly enjoyed by a crowded house. Then the collection was taken. When it was "counted," the philanthropic citizen came to the front of the platform. "The collection," he said, "amounts to three dollars and sixty-seven cents. The proceeds you all understand, are for the benefit of the poor. They seem to be all here!"—Youth's Companion.

Uses 'Plane To Operate Farm

The days when the horse was depended on to conduct the rancher over his domain passed to the era of the automobile a few years ago. And now the auto gives way to the airplane. The pioneer exponent of this trend is Jack Fletcher, known as the "flying farmer," because he operates his huge wheat farm near Spokane, Wash., by air.

Japanese Like Watermelon

Eight-pound watermelons cost about 5 cents apiece in Japan and the fruit is becoming a favorite. Although out of reach of the ordinary purse in Japan, melons from Yamato and Shizuoka find ready sale in Tokyo, where almost three hundred tons have been consumed this season.

Do You Cough?



Guelph, Ont.—"I caught a severe cold and could not seem to get rid of it. It just clung to me and finally settled in my bronchial tubes causing me a lot of trouble. The cough would be more severe at night than during the day, causing sleeplessness. I finally decided I would try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and by the time I had taken one bottle I was entirely relieved of the bronchial trouble—my cough disappeared and I have had no trouble with a cold since. I don't think a person can take anything better for bronchial weakness or deep-seated cold than the 'Golden Medical Discovery'."—Miss Mary Duggan, 170 Ontario St.

Liquid or tablets at your neighborhood store. Write Dr. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., for free medical advice.



Would Extend Air Mail Service

United States Government Looks Towards Canada As a Field For Extension

Success of the air mail in the United States has led the government at Washington to look towards Canada as a field for extension of its service. Postmaster-General H. S. New has let it be known that he would welcome applications for air mail service between such points as Minneapolis or St. Paul, Minn., and Winnipeg, Man., where there is a fairly large exchange of mail over a short distance. In fact it is likely that preliminary steps will be taken soon to put in a trial service between these two cities but final action will not be taken until after the International air mail conference in Geneva.

It has been customary for the United States post office to await applications, which usually take the form of petitions, signed by a considerable number of people before establishing new air mail routes. A guarantee of about \$15,000 worth of business on any route is generally considered reasonable to justify opening a route.

Miller's Worm Powders prove their value. They do not cause any violent disturbances in the stomach, any pain or griping, but do their work quietly and painlessly, so that the destruction of the worms is imperceptible. Yet they are thorough, and from the first dose there is improvement in the condition of the sufferer and a cessation of manifestations of internal trouble.

British-Jap Naval Pact Is Reported

U.S. Informed Secret Agreement Between Nations Has Been Reached

The Washington Post says that word has reached the state department officials from "trustworthy sources" that Great Britain and Japan came to a mutually satisfactory secret understanding regarding future naval supremacy when it finally became apparent the United States would not accept the British program at the recent Geneva conference.

The gist of the secret understanding has not been divulged, the newspaper adds, declaring that it is doubtful if much definite information on its content is available to the officials of the U.S. Government. The newspaper story also says the secret understanding is being discussed behind closed doors by officials here with a view to weighing possible consequences.

Nights of Agony come in the train of asthma. The victim cannot lie down, and sleep is driven from his brain. What grateful relief is the immediate effect of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. It banishes the frightful conditions, clears the passages, and enables the afflicted one to again sleep soundly and restfully as a child. Insist on the genuine at your nearby druggist.

King's Job Not Envious

Everything Mapped Out For Months Ahead Makes Life a Drudgery

There is no doubt that the strain of the daily life of the King and Queen, with every waking hour mapped out for months ahead, is much greater than the public realize.

Everyone connected with the Court comments on the splendid health and spirits which the Queen always enjoys. The King is now and then fatigued, but she is never.

There is no harm in repeating a somewhat pathetic comment of the King on his own drudgery in fulfilling, as he does, so scrupulously and good-humoredly, the truly tremendous programme laid almost daily before him. Visiting the Lord Mayor of London the other day, whose life during his year of office is, as everyone knows, a veritable slavery, the King remarked: "You have to do this for twelve months but I have been doing it for sixteen years."

Predicts Explosion Of Sun

Annihilation of every living thing on earth within 138 hours when the sun explodes is forecast by C. T. Elvey, of Northwestern University, Chicago, writing on exploding stars. The earth will be aware of a sun burst in eight minutes from the time of the explosion, and will be cleared of all life as soon as the gases reach here 138 hours after, he says. The last star explosion was in 1925, when Nova Pictoris expanded many thousands times normal size.

Used by physicians—Minard's Liniment.

Would Arbitrate National Disputes

Plea Is Made That International Difficulties Be Settled In This Way

Addressing the inaugural session of the 25th congress of the Inter-parliamentary Union at Paris, Hon. Romain Dandurand, government leader in the Canadian senate, expressed the hope that Great Britain, the United States and France might lead all nations nearer to obligatory arbitration of their disputes. Pleas for international abolition of secret diplomacy were made by speakers.

Premier Polignac of France told the congress the work of the conference is perfectly compatible with that of the League of Nations. He assured the delegates they would find France ready at all times to aid in the cause of peace.

Lord Trevelyan, Great Britain, praised the commercial treaty recently signed by France and Germany for its provisions tending towards free trade.

President Loebe, of the German reichstag, advocated the abolition of secret diplomacy. He also urged that France withdraw all occupational troops from German soil this year.

Paul Doumer, president of the French senate, was elected president of the congress, at which thirty-five countries are represented.

Cop (in victim of wreck) — "Why did you try to cross the tracks? Didn't you know the 4.15 was due?" Brown — "Ves, but this is the first time in years that it was on time."

Babies Cry For "Castoria"

Prepared Especially for Infants and Children of All Ages

Methen Fletcher's Castoria has been in use for over 30 years as a pleasant, harmless, substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Teething Drops and Soothing Syrup. Contains no narcotics. Proven effective on each package. Physicians everywhere recommend it.

The genuine bears signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

Candles For Fifty Years

An inspection of the Canadian Railway storehouse at Mills, Georgia, has disclosed that there are in stock candles enough to supply the needs of the railway for the next fifty years. Electricity is regarded as too radical for immediate adoption.

Internally and Externally It Is Good. The crowning property of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is that it can be used internally for many complaints as well as externally. For constipation, cramp, whooping cough, pain in the chest, cold and many kindred ailments it has qualities that are unsurpassed. A bottle of it costs little and there is no loss in always having it at hand.

About four inches in fifteen minutes is the speed of the speediest bacteria.

If her heart is in the right place it matters not whether a woman is younger or older than she looks.

Pains in the Back

Thoroughly massaged with Minard's, backache will disappear.



ON RECEIPT OF \$1.00 I will mail you 8 oz. Box of

BALSAM OINTMENT

Nature's Great Remedy for Cuts, Burns, Wounds, Pains, Corns, Gout, Rheumatism, Mosquito and other insect bites, Animal Bites, Blood Poison, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Piles, Marks and Moles, Cold in Head and Cold Sores. 1 oz. Box 25c, 3 oz. Box, and 8 oz. \$1.00. AT YOUR DRUGGIST, or, T. H. SHIPWAY, 709 Wellington St., Toronto.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY, No. 1. THERAPION. No. 2. THERAPION. No. 3. THERAPION. No. 4. THERAPION. No. 5. THERAPION. No. 6. THERAPION. No. 7. THERAPION. No. 8. THERAPION. No. 9. THERAPION. No. 10. THERAPION. No. 11. THERAPION. No. 12. THERAPION. No. 13. THERAPION. No. 14. THERAPION. No. 15. THERAPION. No. 16. THERAPION. No. 17. THERAPION. No. 18. THERAPION. No. 19. THERAPION. No. 20. THERAPION. No. 21. THERAPION. No. 22. THERAPION. No. 23. THERAPION. No. 24. THERAPION. No. 25. THERAPION. No. 26. THERAPION. No. 27. THERAPION. No. 28. THERAPION. No. 29. THERAPION. No. 30. THERAPION. No. 31. THERAPION. No. 32. THERAPION. No. 33. THERAPION. No. 34. THERAPION. No. 35. THERAPION. No. 36. THERAPION. No. 37. THERAPION. No. 38. THERAPION. No. 39. THERAPION. No. 40. THERAPION. No. 41. THERAPION. No. 42. THERAPION. No. 43. THERAPION. No. 44. THERAPION. No. 45. THERAPION. No. 46. THERAPION. No. 47. THERAPION. No. 48. THERAPION. No. 49. THERAPION. No. 50. THERAPION. No. 51. THERAPION. No. 52. 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Newsprint Industry Expanding In Manitoba When a Second Big Paper Mill Is Mooted

The newsprint industry has long been established and rapidly expanded in all eastern provinces. It sprang up and saw similar growth in British Columbia. Now the forests of the prairie provinces are being called upon to furnish raw material for newsprint demands.

One of the most outstanding recent items of interest in the Canadian newsprint is the application before the Federal Government for a pulpwood berth on the Nelson River in Manitoba, capable of supplying a newsprint mill of 400 tons per day.

This lies contiguous to the Hudson's Bay Railway, being between the Nelson River and Lake Winnipeg, and is the second berth sought in the province of Manitoba. The Manitoba Paper Company already has obtained a berth with 6,000,000 cords of wood on the east side of Lake Winnipeg, and has built a mill at Pine Falls, with a capacity of 300 tons per day, described as the largest enterprise in the province.

A 400-ton-per-day mill, according to experts, will require a berth containing at least 8,000,000 cords of pulpwood. Power for the mill will be obtained from White Mud Falls on the Nelson River, one of the greatest power sites in the Dominion. An option on these falls, it is understood, has been secured by the financial group behind the new pulpwood application. The falls are, in fact, capable of furnishing a great deal more power than the mill will need, and this is expected to be utilized by the growing mining area north and east, and thus further Manitoba's mining development at the same time.

The founding of a second newsprint mill in Manitoba would mean a great deal to the province not only in its tribute but also tributary activity. A 400-ton mill would necessitate an outlay of about \$8,000,000, and the development of White Mud Falls would require considerable additional capital. The mill would find employment for two thousand men, and apparently surpass in volume of output any of Manitoba's present industrial enterprises.

This projection draws further forcible attention to the timber possessions of the Prairie Provinces, which in this respect belie their name. The lumber industry has long thrived in all three provinces and its production goes no inconsiderable way to meet domestic requirements. The newsprint industry is rapidly going to them. Manitoba is about 70 per cent. wooded, and the province has been estimated to contain 1,420,000 feet of saw timber, or 4,000,000 B.M. In the sister province of Saskatchewan the area actually timbered with merchantable trees is about 750,000 acres. The Province of Alberta is estimated to contain about 21,000,000 feet of saw timber. Altogether the Prairie Provinces contain about 8,000,000 acres of commercial timber lands, and there are in addition large resources of pulpwood upon which no really accurate estimate has been made.

Opening Of the Canadian Rockies To Motorists

Among the long-closed regions of wonder and romance into which a way has at last been found are the Canadian Rockies. Each year the door opens a little farther, until now a good part of the most beautiful sections of these glorious ranges is within the motorist's reach. The opening this year of the Kicking Horse Trail, linking up Yoho National Park by motor with the outside world, marks the fulfillment of one more daring engineering conception.

Cafe Has New Idea

There is a roadside cafe near Pomona, Calif., that offers a new wrinkle in entertainment. The patron who wants a fish dinner and is willing to wait for it is supplied with a pole, line and fly and allowed to catch his own in a small brook that is kept heavily stocked with hungry trout. While the fish are being prepared, he may enjoy a walk through the small farm that is operated in connection with the cafe.

Gives Autos For Charity

Baron Byng of Vimy, former Governor-General of Canada, has donated to charity three high-priced automobiles which he used while at Rideau Hall. Mayor Bulharrie, of Ottawa, received official advice that these cars had been placed at his disposal to be used for charitable purposes. The cars will likely be sold and the proceeds given to charity.

W. N. U. 1637

Depends On Viewpoint

Average Farm Work No Harder Than City Work

"Getting back in the farm" is a present day slogan. In spite of this, most of those in the farms are steadily and regularly educating their boys and girls, who after a year or so at high school, positively refuse to return to farm work. It remains for some agriculturist with psychological training sufficient to make boys believe it is fun to lead a manure spreader on the south side of a barn on a sweltering hot day in June or July. After all, the work is not greater than that exerted in rowing a boat or paddling a canoe along the beach, where also the odor of stale fish is just as sweet as that of the barnyard while the sand-fles and other flies in the vicinity are more numerous than flies round a cow stable at milking time on a warm sultry evening.

Cattle Show Is Different

No Evidence Of Showmanships At Isle Of Guernsey Ringside

The average ringsider at the American cattle shows and fairs would be somewhat lost at an Isle of Guernsey ringside. In the first place, several classes are judged at the same time and the cattle from each herd do not stand together. They are tethered around the field according to the class in which they show, which makes it easier to see the cattle after the judging, but it is more difficult for the herdsman. Furthermore, the cattle come to the field, just out of pasture, without fitting or clipping, and there is no evidence of showmanship, the cattle being allowed to stand at tether just as they please. The island judges place great emphasis on dairy temperament and skin secretions.



An Easily Fashioned Frock

Smartly simple is this chic one-piece frock having the modish two-piece effect. The skirt, having an inverted plait at each side seam, is joined to the bodice, and the round neck, belt, and long dart-fitted sleeves are effectively bound. No. 1639 is for misses and small women and is in sizes 16, 18 and 20 years. View A size 18 (36 bust) requires 2 1/2 yds. 54-inch material; View B requires 1 1/2 yds. 39-inch material for bodice, and 1 1/2 yds. for skirt. Price 20 cents the pattern.

The designs illustrated in our new Fashion Book are advance styles for the home dressmaker, and the woman or girl who desires to wear garments dependable for taste, simplicity and economy will find her desires fulfilled in our patterns. Price of the book 10 cents the copy.

How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 155 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

A philosopher is a man who can see how mothers make such big mistakes.

Garnet Ranks Among Good Milling Wheat

Opinion Given In New Bulletin Issued By Expert

Garnet seems entitled to rank among the good milling wheats. This is the considered opinion of L. H. Newman, the Dominion Cerealist, as expressed in his new bulletin on "Garnet Wheat." The chief point in which Garnet may be open to a little criticism is in the color of the flour which is slightly more yellow or creamy than is that of Marquis. The unbleached flour of Garnet when freshly milled may be described as light yellow or creamy yellow, while that of Marquis may be described as creamy white. Since, however, bleaching and mulling processes have become highly developed and are becoming generally practised, the objection to the color of Garnet, if it is an objection, would appear to be appreciably minimized.

Garnet seems to be about the equal of Marquis in weight per measured bushel, and where the supply of moisture is ample it may even excel the older wheat. The two wheats are about equal in flour yield, but the ash content of Garnet is generally appreciably higher than that of Marquis. Garnet flour generally produces a little higher bread yield and a loaf of slightly greater volume than Marquis. In texture of crumb Garnet is most equal to Marquis, and superior to Early Red Fife, Early Triumph and Kitchener. Good texture combined with high volume is commonly regarded as an indication of high baking strength.

Says Canada Finest Place For Emigrants

Ideal For Surplus British Millions Opinion Of Dr. Brown

In an interview at Itegha, Dr. Brown, retiring president of the World's Poultry Congress, London, England, said that he had become a missionary for Canada.

"You have an amazing country," he said. "It is so diversified and thoroughly attractive throughout its length and breadth."

He thought it the choicest of lands for immigration. When he arrived home, he said, he would not have the slightest hesitation in advising immigration to Canada. He pointed out that England had increased enormously in population despite the tragedy of war.

"Saskatchewan is the ideal place for our surplus millions," he concluded.

World's First Turkey Show

Dallas was selected as the most logical city in which to hold the "All the World Turkey Show" January 11 to 16, by the Southwestern Turkey Club, which met at the Adolphus Hotel, Dallas, Tex., recently. Invitations will be sent to all turkey clubs of the United States and foreign countries to participate in the first national gathering of turkey raisers ever planned.

Before books became so generally used, persons fortunate enough to possess any guarded them closely, often chaining those containing business records to their ledger; thus they became known as "ledgers."

Great Britain Would Take Canadian Cattle

But Cannot Pay Present Price Says London Man

Great Britain wants Canadian cattle on the hoof as all other cattle markets the world over, except that of Ireland, are closed to her owing to hoof and mouth disease, but she cannot pay Canada's price as it now stands, declared Henry Ridpath, vice-president of the Canadian Chamber of Commerce, London, and special representative in Great Britain of the Pat Burns Co., Calgary, at the Royal Alexandra Hotel, Winnipeg, where he was in conference with Mr. Burns.

Great Britain's requirements in the meat line are approximately 2,000,000 tons per year, half of which she imported last year from the Argentine, Australia and New Zealand in the form of chilled or frozen meat, Mr. Ridpath said.

Owing to the high prices in Canada which are kept up by demand from the United States, the export of live cattle to Great Britain has fallen off from 100,000 head, in 1925, to 5,000 so far this year. Not even carcasses may be brought in from the Continent, Mr. Ridpath said, so strict are the regulations.

No Market For Poor Hay

Notice States U.S. Has Prospect For Record Crop

The Canadian farmers are warned against shipping poor hay to the markets of the United States in a notice issued by the Department of Agriculture. The announcement says:

"The attention of farmers in the hay shipping sections of Canada is drawn to the warning given by the United States Department of Agriculture that shippers make certain of their market before baling and shipping any poor quality hay. The warning should be especially heeded by Canadian farmers who expect to ship hay across the border."

"There is a record hay crop in prospect in the U.S. Present indications are that it will amount to 102,000,000 tons, or 16,000 tons more than last year, and 4,500,000 tons more than in the previous record year of 1924."

"Even last year, when the United States hay supply was the smallest since 1918, the arrivals at markets were fully equal to the demand. This year there will probably be sufficient good hay to fill all requirements and poor hay will find a draggy market."

Ability Is Uncanny

Bill Jenney, a sixty-two-year-old clockmaker who for the last thirty-two years has been winding and tending the 1,950 clocks of the Savoy Hotel, London, claimed many years ago that at any hour of the day or night he could tell the time within half a minute. This uncanny ability baffles the British Medical Society, members of which have tried by numerous tests to dislodge what they call his "acute psychoastral pulse."

The Dominion of Canada was formed in 1867. Today there are sixty-seven languages spoken in the Dominion.

Flattery consists of having your secret opinion of yourself expressed in the language of others.

Agricultural Possibilities Of Hudson Bay Railway Belt Are Now Being Determined

Live Stock Totals

More Horses In Canada In 1926 Than In Previous Years

It is interesting to note from the very comprehensive report of the Director of the Experimental Farm System of Canada for the year ending March 31st, 1927, that the rapid progress of motive power has not made any material difference during the last five years in the number of horses in the country. As a matter of fact there appears to have been more horses in Canada in 1926 than there were last year or in 1923, but in 1922 and 1924 the totals ran somewhat higher. Milk cows show an increase in 1926 over every other year, but other cattle show a decrease, the difference between 1922 and last year being no less than 756,150. Sheep show an increase in 1927 over the three preceding years, although fewer than in 1922. Swine are greater in number than in any other year excepting only 1921.

Alberta's Coal Wealth

Greater Than All Known Coal Deposits In Rest Of British Empire

Alberta's potential coal wealth is greater than all the known coal deposits in the rest of the British Empire put together, Sir Thomas Holland, chairman of the Empire Mining and Metallurgical Council, stated at Montreal previous to sailing for home.

"If the present endeavors to change coal into fluid fuel capable of displacing petroleum and all its products are successful, the advantage of the United States in having the richest oil deposits in the world will be killed, and Canada will take the place of the United States as the world's provider of liquid fuel," Sir Thomas said.

Fry Distribution In Manitoba

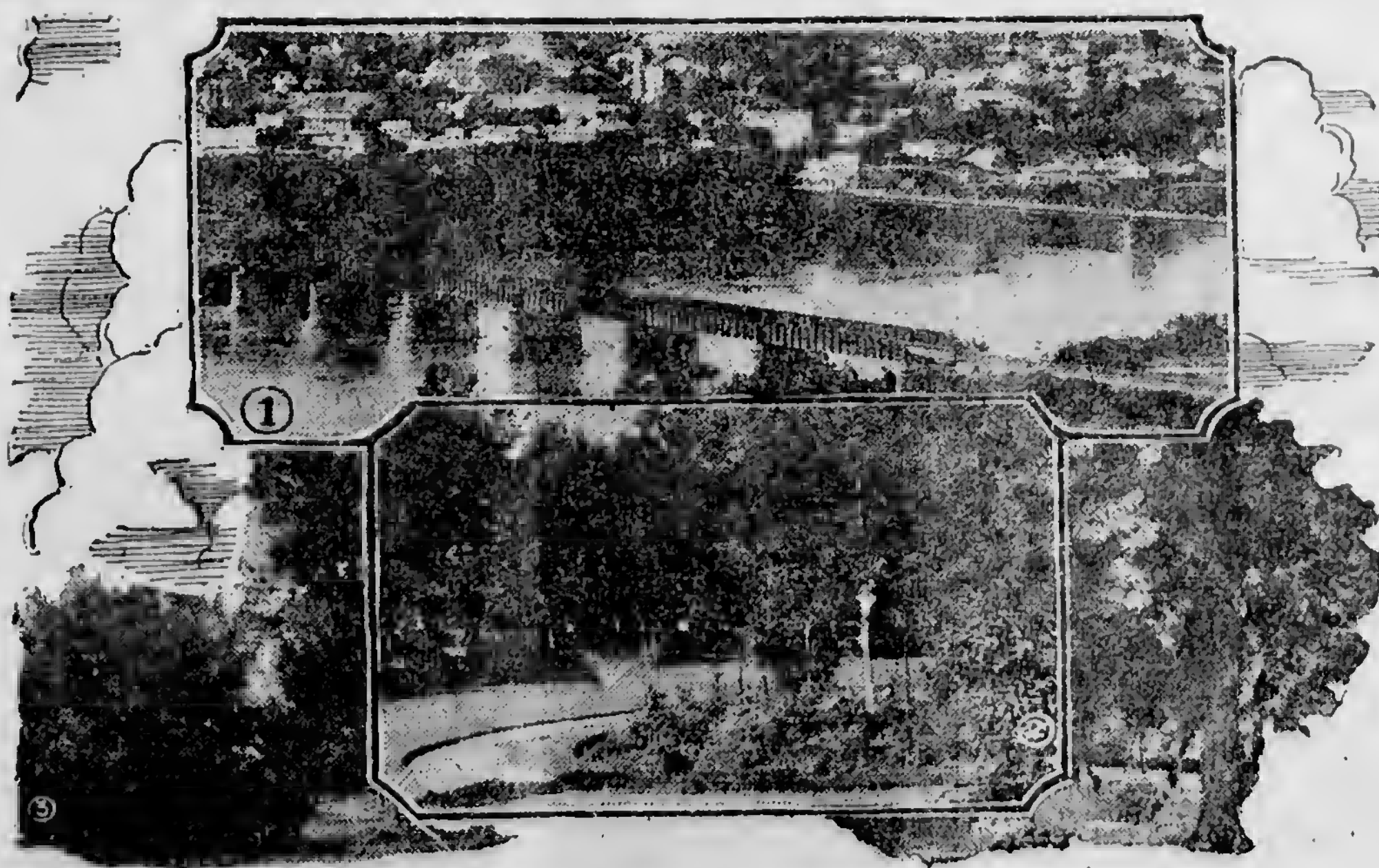
The Department of Marine and Fisheries announces a distribution of over 72,000,000 white-fish fry from their hatchery at Winnipegosis, Manitoba. This is an increase of more than 21 per cent. over last year's figures. The fry were all planted out in good condition on suitable grounds in the lake over a wider area than in any previous year, some of the fry being taken as far north as Whiskey-Jack Island in the northern portion of Lake Winnipegosis.

Ontario Gas and Auto License Taxes

Definite announcement was made recently by Hon. G. Howard Ferguson, premier of Ontario, to the effect that legislation providing for an increased gasoline tax and a reduced motor license tax would be brought down by the government at the next session of the Ontario legislature.

Lawyer: "I think I can get the jury to exonerate you."

Farmer: "Man, Ah don't care to be exonerated. Ah wants to be let loose!"



(1) Bridges and Park. (2) Central Park. (3) Riverside Park. (4) C.P.R. Gardens

A City Beautiful in the West

There is general impression when the Canadian West and the prairies are mentioned, of a country, flat and uninteresting, covered with miles of wheat in the summer, but otherwise of little aesthetic appeal. When a man stands in this country, he is pictured as the centre point of a circle that stretches without a break of tree, shrub or hill, to the horizon, but the advent of settlers has very

considerably changed what may have been largely true some fifty years ago. The cities that everywhere sprung up—some of them almost overnight—in consequence of the prosperity of the West, have been designed and built with a view to beauty and the above pictures of parks in Medicine Hat, Alberta, amply bear out this claim. They represent oases of woodland shade in the middle of

a land bare for the most part of trees and they are due to the hand of a man who knows how much they are valued. It is a fine object lesson in what can be successfully done to make beauty flourish where none or little existed prior to the advent of the settler. Medicine Hat is a good example of what beauties of light and shade the cities of the Canadian West possess.

The recent decisions with respect to the completion of the Hudson Bay Railway has led to a number of statements respecting the resources of the territory through which the railway passes and of the country adjacent to it. Very little has been said, however, as to the possibilities for agriculture, but the Federal Department of Agriculture has thought sufficient of the possibilities to recently establish some experimental plots along the line of the railway. Regarding the soil conditions, a report published a couple of years ago by the Natural Resources Intelligence Service, on the general resources of the region, may be of interest in this connection.

It cannot be said, states the report, that the agricultural future of the country has been accurately determined as yet, despite the fact that success has been met in a small way. At the same time prospects are by no means discouraging. The extent of arable soils is known to be considerable; rainfall is sufficient and well timed; and summer temperatures as recorded at The Pas and Norway House are exceedingly favorable to fast growth and early maturity of field crops. As far north as Split Lake the natural flora of the well drained areas is practically identical with that of similar ground in the Riding Mountains 400 miles southwest from Split Lake. Some indication of the relative surface conditions prevailing in the belt may be obtained by examining a cross section of the country from The Pas northeast towards Nelson for approximately 350 miles as represented by an examination of lands adjoining the railway.

Type	Soil	Per cent.
Swamp soils	185	53
Boulder clay	27	8
Lake clay	195	30
Beach sand	34	1
Bedrock outcrop	23	6
Total	345	100

Soil surveys of this latest agricultural belt have not been attempted except reconnaissance examinations on a limited scale. It has been estimated that a large belt of about 10,000 square miles, the greater part of which lies between the Churchill and Nelson rivers north of mile 120 (11. B. Ry.) and of which 50 to 75 per cent. is arable soil, could be made available for mixed farming. This central belt is composed of old interior lake beds whose even textured lacustrine clays have filled the valleys and transformed a broken country into one of more even and undulating topography. The clays are as much as 100 feet deep in places. The soils are all light material excepting the swamp soils. Ordinarily there is little surface cover as distinct from the subsoil which is low in organic content. Five to twelve inches below the shallow surfacing of decayed leaves and vegetation the clay is found, brown in color from its association with the decayed matter and quite friable. The swamp deposits on the other hand are composed for the most part of organic material consisting of layers of mosses and other vegetable matter which in the north especially shows little evidence of decomposition or alteration, due largely to the ground-ice or cold ground water which prevents oxidation. Much of the clay land is muskeg covered and poorly drained, but there are difficulties which should be overcome with time and forethought and at no great expense. The rainfall is not heavy, the forest cover mostly light and the surface free from boulders, so that little difficulty should be met in draining, clearing or bringing the ground under cultivation.

Copper Deposits In Canada

Copper ores of various kinds, including the native metal are found at many places throughout Canada. Production has so far been confined to the following areas in order of their importance: British Columbia, Ontario, Quebec, Manitoba, and Yukon. Deposits of copper ores are also known in the Maritime Provinces, and in the Arctic regions of Canada. The Arctic deposits, although at present inaccessible, possibly constitute one of the great copper-ore reserves of the future.

Mount Duff

Mount Duff is situated on the international boundary between British Columbia and Alberta, in latitude 60 degrees and longitude 139 degrees. According to the Eighteenth Report of the Geographic Board it is named after Mt. Hon. Mr. Justice Lyman Duff who was one of the counsel before the Alaskan Boundary Tribunal.



A Lady always has a greater admiration for The Gentleman who has his shoes polished with —

"NUGGET" SHOE POLISH

There's a "Nugget" shade for every shoe made.

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

The first taxi cab appeared in the streets of Jerusalem recently. It excited a vast amount of curiosity.

An invitation to visit China to promote aviation has been extended to Col. Charles A. Lindbergh, New York. Paris flier. Lindbergh said he might accept.

More and better immigration for Canada is the prospect for 1928. W. J. Egan, deputy minister of immigration, declared on his return from a European tour that lasted more than three months.

Viccount Cecil, of Chelwood, has definitely resigned his cabinet post as chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, and will not go to Geneva for the meeting of the League of Nations Assembly.

Arthur Joseph Noel, the fourth Earl of Gainsborough, private chamberlain of Edward and Queen Mary, died at his home in London, aged 72. He was 43 years old.

The Soldiers Settlement Board, which has handled the placing of returned men on the land, will be incorporated in the Land Settlement Board in the Department of Immigration, reports Hon. Robert Forke, minister of immigration and colonization.

For having set fire to a stack of hay containing about 32 loads belonging to his employer, a young man named Mountain, a recent arrival from the Old Country, was sentenced at Winchester, Ont., to serve one year in the Guelph reformatory.

The University of Toronto, conferred its highest honor, the degree of Doctor of Laws, honoris causa, upon Rt. Hon. Lord Hewart, of Bury, Lord Chief Justice of England, at a special convocation in Convocation Hall, Toronto.

Between 250 and 300 people have been killed and more than 2,500 injured in less than 18 months past as a result of religious conflicts between Hindus and Muslims in various parts of India, Lord Irwin, the viceroy, stated in addressing the legislative assembly at Simla.

John B. Simpson, a British scientist, has left Edinburgh, Scotland, with the intention of making his home in an iceberg for three months. He was accompanied by a Samoyed dog. "My purpose," said Simpson, "is to gather material for a book on the ice fields."

A Valuable Hen

An offer of \$1,000 for the famous hen No. 6 or \$3,000 for a pair of ten birds including this world record layer was turned down by the University of British Columbia on account of the great value of the bird for breeding purposes.

Buildings lined with wood are better for reproducing sound than those with wall of other material.

A bluish is one of the few things that cannot be counterfeited.

Diarrhoea Summer Complaint HE ALWAYS USES



Mr. T. F. McGregor, McLennan, Alta., writes: "Over forty years ago my mother used to give us Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry for diarrhoea and summer complaint. All through the years since then when troubled with an excessive looseness of the bowels I have been accustomed to take a few doses of the same old, reliable remedy and it always seems to have the desired effect, no matter what the cause."

Don't Accept a Substitute

This valuable preparation has been on the market for the past 80 years; put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

W. N. H. 1697

Treasures Hidden In Desert

Many Cities Buried Under Drifting Sands During Centuries

It is not generally known that the Sahara Desert has encroached hundreds of miles eastward during the centuries since the great days of Egyptian civilization, and has in consequence buried in sand many forgotten cities and centres of population. One often thinks of the treasure lying on the floor of the ocean, but the treasure buried under desert sands must also be incalculable.

A sensational discovery was made recently, not on the Egyptian side, where the sand almost succeeded in overwhelming even the mighty Sphinx, but on the western side of the desert. The body of some ancient Queen of the Sahara was found beneath the sand. On her arms were eighteen bracelets, nine of gold and nine of silver; five necklaces of jewels were round her neck and on her head was a diadem of gold studded with jewels.

There was much exquisitely carved furniture in the tomb, and near by were piles of jewels—emeralds, rubies, onyx, and so on. On the opposite side was found a superb statue of a woman carved in stone. The date of this tomb is placed at least a thousand years before the Christian era.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union



A Chic Blouse and Separate Skirt

Extremely smart is the blouse shown here, having two points at the lower front edge, set-in pockets, and long or short sleeves extending into the neck. No. 1641 is for misses and small women and is in sizes 16, 18 and 20 years. Size 18 (36 bust) requires 2 1/2 yards 39-inch, or 1 1/2 yards 44-inch material; 3/4 yard less 39-inch material for short sleeves. Price 20 cents the pattern.

The skirt, having two box-plats in front and gaiters at the back, is joined to a bodice top. No. 1349 is in sizes 16, 18 and 20 years. Size 18 (36 bust) requires 1 1/2 yards 26 or 28-inch material and 3/4 yard 36-inch lining for bodice top. Price 20 cents the pattern.

The designs illustrated in our new Fashion Book are advance styles for the home dressmaker, and the woman or girl who desires to wear garments dependable for taste, simplicity and economy will find her desires fulfilled in our patterns. Price of the book 10 cents the copy.

How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

The farthest north radio station in the world is one just established by the Soviet government on Cape Desire, in the Arctic Zone. It is intended for communication with Arctic explorers.

Motor Penetrates Far North

English Woman Breaks Distance Record By Three Miles

Two British motorists who have just achieved the feat of breaking the "farthest north" record in a motor car, were turned back when 270 miles within the Arctic circle by swampy conditions, arising from the intense heat.

The Hon. Mrs. Victor Bruce and party, who have returned to London after a 6,000 miles' trip through Northern Europe to Finland and Lapland, went about three miles nearer the North Pole than any previous motorist has penetrated, and got within 40 miles of the North Cape.

She averaged 270 miles a day for 28 days, some of the journey being over rough tracks in Northern Scandinavia. The enterprise was undertaken partly with the object of inspecting the roads of Sweden on behalf of the Automobile Association, and partly purely for the sake of adventure.

Mrs. Bruce was accompanied by her husband (a son of Lord Aberdeen). "One of my great ambitions," said Mrs. Bruce, "was to be able to say that I enjoyed a bath in the Arctic Ocean, but the swamps in Northern Lapland prevented us from getting to the coast at all. We went fully prepared for very cold weather, but actually the average temperature in the Arctic areas which we traversed is about 90 degrees in the shade at this time of year."

"It is not so strange when you think of it for the sun never sets in summer in these latitudes. It was rather remarkable to observe the extent to which the motor is penetrating into the Far North of Europe, and I anticipate that within a very few years roads will be available for car tourists right up to the North Cape."

Irish Free State Issuing New Coins

Design Of Young Yorkshirereman Won In World Competition

From designs submitted by leading sculptors from all parts of the world, that of Mr. Percy Metcalfe, a young Yorkshirereman, has been accepted by the Irish Free State Government for its new coinage.

A hen, a sow, a hare—to illustrate the food-producing power of the Irish Free State—and a salmon—which is symbolic of an old Irish legend relating to the fish which swam in the "sacred well"—all had to be worked into the winning design.

Mr. Metcalfe, who is being given sittings daily by King Fin in connection with a portrait in metal which he has been commissioned to execute, declared that his Irish success was "his greatest" yet. Competitors against him were drawn from all parts of the world, and included the famous Serbian sculptor Mestrovic.

The designs are eight in number, from the half a crown to the farthing. In size, they will be identical with the British coinage.

Very Likely Did

Julia Parker was seen on Broadway the other day, when it was warm, wearing a fur piece around her neck.

"My goodness!" said a friend. "How can you wear a fur in the summer?"

"Well," replied the dame, "the animal who wore it originally used it in the summer, didn't he?"

First Shipment Of Antelope

The first shipment of antelope from Canada to the U.S. will be made at an early date, Charles Blazer, rancher, at Lake Newell has contracted to deliver 22 head of antelope to a Texas banker.

"The wonder metal of the age" is a fitting term for Aluminum. Its lightness, brightness, freedom from rust, and many other good qualities, make it a container par excellence for good tea—Red Rose Tea is packed only in this modern metal package.

Japanese Plan To Fly Across Pacific

Long Distance Flights Have Aroused Their Interest

The latest successes in non-stop flights have stimulated Japanese interest in aviation and efforts are being made to launch tangible preparations for a Japanese attempt to fly the Pacific Ocean next year. It is considered that the chances of such a flight taking place or of Japanese airmen or machines being ready for it within 12 months are small.

The decisive facts are that Japan possesses no aeroplane capable of making the journey and has no pilot, civil, military or naval, with the necessary skill and technical ability. A foreign plane might be bought but public opinion realizes that half the honor would be lost by such a proceeding.

The status of aviation in Japan is correctly reflected by the fact that Japan's record for continuous flying is only 11 hours, while two hours is the record for night flying.

The best Japanese achievement hitherto, and the only one of international note, is the 1925 flight to London via Siberia made by two civilian fliers.

Among the reasons advanced to explain Japan's backwardness are: First, that Japanese airmen have plenty of courage but lack the initiative and that enthusiasm for the art of flying which characterizes Lindbergh, Chamberlin and Earhart.

Secondly, the Japanese are "unmechanical" and lack "engine sense." For example, they often fail to notice when their motor starts missing. Thirdly, official regulations hamper practice, for the air above Japan is said to be unusually tricky, thin and full of holes of variable quality.

Those facts reveal how much remains to be done before a Japanese airman can whig his way to Seattle.

Mining Men Go To Europe

Will Investigate Treatment Of Coal For By-Products In Germany

Hon. Charles Stewart, minister of mines, and Dr. Charles Camsell, deputy minister, have sailed for Europe. Mr. Stewart is one of the Canadian Government representatives to the League of Nations conference at Geneva.

After the sessions of the League he and Dr. Camsell will visit many of the industrial centres of Germany and England for the purpose of investigating the progress made in the past few years in the treatment of lignite and bituminous coal for by-products in Germany.

Producers in Germany claim that they can secure oil from coal at a less cost to them than crude oil.

Getting Rid Of Encumbrances

It is related that John Lawrence, who ruled the Punjab seventy years or so ago and who later became Viceroy of India, used to say that when he came across a young Britisher in the India civil service who was encumbered with a wife and a piano, he hustled him about from one jungle station to another till the young man parted first with the wife and then with the piano.

Adversity sometimes transforms a coward into a hero.

Witness Centenary Celebrations



P. Ashby and C. E. King, from Uxbridge, England, returning home on the Canadian liner Ausonia from Montreal, after a visit to Uxbridge, Mass., where they witnessed the centenary celebrations, and Uxbridge, Ont.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

SEPTEMBER 11

SOLOMON DEDICATES THE TEMPLE

Golden Text: "I was glad when they said unto me, let us go unto the house of Jehovah."—Psalm 122:1.

Lesson: 1 Kings 8.

Devotional Reading: Psalm 122.

Explanations and Comments

1. The Great Procession with the Ark and the Tabernacle, verses 1-5.—It was during the Feast of Tabernacles, which began on the fifteenth of the seventh month and lasted seven days (Lev. 23:34), that the elders of Israel and all the heads of the tribes brought up the ark of the covenant out of the city of David, which is Zion. "Both the House of Commons and the House of Lords were present, as we would put it, for the elders were the chosen representatives of the people, and the princes of the fathers' houses" were the hereditary leaders. In addition there was a vast attendance of the rank and file" (R. C. Gilie). Two processions advanced from different directions. One came from Gibeon and bore the sacred tabernacle with its goat's-hair covering and boards of acacia wood, and all its holy vessels—the brazen altar, the golden candlesticks, the table of show-bread, and the brazen serpent. On Mount Zion this procession joined the other which bore the ark away from its temporary tent erected for it in Jerusalem by David. As the two processions proceeded to the temple, Solomon and a great congregation with him sacrificed a host of sheep and oxen. "The road was flooded with the streams of blood. The air was darkened and scented with the clouds of incense; the songs and dances were unintermittent. Onward the procession moved up the slope of the hill. It entered court after court of the temple. It reached the Holy Place" (Stanley). By this lavish slaughter Solomon was honoring God in the best way known in those days. It was a primitive method of saying that king and people set up thumts to the honor they would show Jehovah. "There is something repulsive in this in this circumstance, but there is a noble side to such garishness of slaughter. Barbaric it was, but devotion also. Before we blame them, we have to be ready to give as freely in our purified, higher way to the service and worship of God."—R. C. Gilie.

Motor Exhaust Kills Tulips

Famous Dutch Flowers Die In Gardens Of Paris

The famous Tulleries tulips have bloomed for the last time. They are victims of the exhaust of automobiles in the Rue de Rivoli. The bulbs were presented to the city of Paris by Dutch growers two years ago, and were planted in the Tulleries Gardens, an ideal setting for their masses of gorgeous colors. But each year they have dwindled and it was found that the prevailing westerly winds blew on to them a low wave of sulphuric gas from passing automobiles, affording an additional proof of the deleterious effect of the growing number of automobiles on the atmosphere of Paris.

Advertising Canadian Bacon

Five Quality Is Stressed By Empire Marketing Board

That the Empire Marketing Board is following up its work is evidenced by the display advertisements in the leading papers of the United Kingdom. Home and Canadian bacon is one of the products recommended to the consumer on the ground that it has mildness of cure and the quality. For all who wish to get an appetizing meat for breakfast the empire brands meet every requirement—either home grown or from Canada. The fact is emphasized that Canada sends the very best that is turned out from the packing plants.

Jap Emperor Is Teetotaler

It is a little known fact, even within the confines of the Japanese Empire, that the Emperor of Japan is a staunch teetotaler. On the royal banquet tables not a drop of alcoholic beverage is set. When his majesty entertains others, however, there is the necessary wine, but the customary glasses are not placed before his majesty. He drinks all toasts in aerated or plain water.

Would Look Suspicious

A certain New York judge says that when he sees a man with "receding chin, protruding jaw, a wide unsmiling stare, a droop in the eyelid, a low brow, a bumpy brow, thick hair and ears set at right angles to the head," he is convinced he has a criminal before him. Anybody of that description surely would arouse a grave suspicion, at least.

Wickham—"Do you know anything about wave lengths?"

Myers—"Sure. Half the stations are on one and the other half are on the other two."

An elephant's bath requires 150 pounds of soap and more than \$100 worth of purest Indian oil.

Simple Colds indicate a need of **SCOTT'S EMULSION** to build resistance

Free Recipe Book

---giving dozens of tasty, tested recipes for soups, sauces, salad dressings, breads, biscuits, puddings, candies.

Write to The Borden Co. Limited, Montreal 2827

Borden's ST. CHARLES MILK

Make the Penalty Fit the Crime

Proposal Made That Whipping Be Added To Jail Sentence For Stealing Cars

Whipping with a strap persons convicted of theft of motor cars is one of the amendments to the criminal code proposed in the report of the Canadian Bar Association's committee on administration of justice.

The report was presented to the association at its annual meeting by Judge E. Coatsworth of Toronto.

Judge Coatsworth urged immediate legislation by the Dominion and provincial parliaments to incorporate in the criminal code the important amendments suggested in the committee's report.

Concerning the penalties for auto theft the committee recommended that instead of the present one year sentence provided by the code, the penalty be two months' imprisonment with a whipping in the second month with a strap instead of a cat-o-nine tails.

The committee also advised provincial legislation for supervision of persons let out on suspended sentence; for a system of parole, and for "effective dealing" with all the feeble minded and mentally afflicted both when in court and in confinement.

World's Finest Airship Station

New Building At Croydon England Is Nearing Completion

London, It is claimed, will have the finest air-station in the world when the new hotel being built at Croydon is completed.

From terraces on the flying-ground side of the hotel visitors, while they are having lunch, tea or dinner, will be able to watch giant three-motored passenger planes ascending for Paris, Berlin, Moscow, or Constantinople. After flying from London to Berlin, travellers will be able to proceed by organized air-stages right through to Peking.

The crowning wonder of the new station will be the great control tower. Here, high up in a glass-windowed chamber, experts, using every new aid science can give them, will guide the 100 mile an hour rushes of the passenger planes and also the slower flights of the big air freighters.

Were Great Statesmen

Fathers Of Confederation Praised By Sir Arthur Currie

"No council of statesmen in the world's history has surpassed the Fathers of Confederation for keen and practical mentality, for sagacity, for judgment, for self-effacement, and idealistic vision. The road they travelled was a difficult one, beset by hammerable pitfalls. They forgot their differences, the provincial rivalries, their creeds and nationalities in their hope for a greater Canada."

This was the tribute paid by Sir Arthur Currie, commander in chief of Canadian forces during the Great War, in the course of an address before the Military Institute at Vancouver.

Energy From the Sun

The time is near, says Charles F. Kettering, New York inventor, when the energy of the sun will be put directly to work instead of storing it up in coal and oil deposits and using it as now is done. Uncounted billions of potential horsepower are going to waste each day, he says, because the sun's rays are not used.

"What good is a college degree?" "Why, with a degree and a million dollars a man is a success."

Feeling Of Revulsion Over Loss Of Life In Trans-Oceanic Flights

New York. — Strong revulsion against the false importance being given long distance flights, especially trans-oceanic, was manifest in three leading aviation countries, as fear for the lives of the St. Raphael's crew became a sad certainty.

At Buffalo, N.Y., the Committee on Air Laws of the American Bar Association expressed hope that legislation might be enacted to halt the swiftly mounting loss of life. Eight men and two women have sacrificed their lives in a few weeks in oceanic aerial ventures.

The Stinson Aircraft Corporation of Detroit declared that no orders would be accepted hereafter for planes intended for solo oceanic hops. From Washington, navy hydrographers called attention to the strikingly adverse conditions faced by the St. Raphael and declared these conditions might be expected to operate against other immediate flights reported in prospect.

Characterizing the ocean flights as a "gamble's hazard," influential German dailies derided the importance being attached to them and urged that the men, machines and money would be better spent in other lines of development.

In London, the Government weather bureau arrived at the conclusion that odds lie heavily against successful westward ocean flights at this stage of aviation. Not only in the present season, the analysis held, but for 355 days in any year, nature opposes the attempts over the Atlantic with her twin weapons of fog and wind.

Noted Explorer Is Slain

Reported That Members Of German Expedition To Interior Of China Are Massacred

New York. — The New York World says Dr. Wilhelm Filchner, former staff officer of the Imperial German Army and noted explorer, and all of the members of an expedition he was leading, have been reported massacred by natives of the western part of Szechuan province, China.

The world's wireless station picked up a German trans-oceanic wireless message to the effect that a British resident of Sikkim in the northern part of India, just south of Tibet, had reported that Filchner and his party had been killed.

Ship Cream To England

Quebec. — The Provincial Department of Agriculture announces that its experiments, conducted in co-operation with the Development Branch, Canadian Pacific Railway, in the shipping of sweet cream to England, comprising four separate consignments, have been entirely successful, the cream arriving in uniformly good condition. Now that the possibility of this new development has been demonstrated it is expected that commercial interests will enter the field.

GERMAN ENTRANT IS WINNER OF THE MARATHON SWIM

Lake Shore, Toronto. — Four miles and four and a half hours ahead of his nearest rival, Ernst Vierkoetter, of Germany, crawled across the finish line to victory and a cash prize of \$30,000 at the William Wrigley twenty-one mile marathon swim through cold Lake Ontario waters. Vierkoetter's time was 11 hours, 43 minutes and 38.25 seconds, a record for the distance.

Georges Michel of France, huge conqueror of the English Channel, finished second to collect \$7,500. Both men finished strongly, not showing any visible sign of great fatigue as a result of the long and tortuous grind from morning until night, after ploughing their way to the close from 200 starters in one of the greatest sporting events ever staged on the North American continent. Michel's time was 16 hours and 12 minutes, using an easy trudgeon stroke.

Nearly a quarter of a million people welcomed Vierkoetter while several thousand waited the intervening hours to greet the second prize winner with a tremendous ovation.

William Erbikan of New York, the "hooper," was the last to finish, but owing to withdrawals took third place in the prize list. His time was 18 hours and 59 minutes.

W. N. U. 1697

Popularity Of Lindbergh

Seven Million Dollars Involved In Business Offers Since He Made Famous Flight

New York. — Charles A. Lindbergh can have \$6,000,000 by going through a real marriage ceremony in front of a movie camera and \$8,000,000 more by accepting the business offers tendered him since he made his non-stop trans-Atlantic flight, says Commander Fitzhugh Green, the lone eagle's chief secretary, in a popular Science Monthly.

Commander Green, who has completed a check up on mail and other communications to Lindbergh, says that among the 3,500,000 letters and 100,000 telegrams and cables received, were at least three proposals that the young flier join in an attempt to reach the moon by rocket shot from the earth. Lindbergh also received thousands of proposals of marriage. The aviator's mail included also 14,000 packages.

Lindbergh poems, sent in his mail, numbered 5,000 and upwards of \$10,000 was received in return postage. More than 500 "close relatives" asked him to "do something for them." More letters came from women than from men and letters from girls outnumbered those from boys four to one.

Col. Lindbergh answered many of the letters in longhand, but thousands found their way to the waste basket.

New Doukhobor Leader

Son Of Former Leader Leaving Russia For Canada

Yorlton. — Peter Vorlign, new leader of the Doukhobors, second son of the former leader of the Doukhobors, in Canada, leaves Moscow September 2, for this country, according to word received by a prominent member of the Doukhobor colony near Yorlton. He will sail from Southampton on the Berengaria for New York September 19. Permission for Mr. Vorlign to leave Russia was extremely difficult to secure from the Soviet Government. Negotiations to this end have been under way ever since the death of his father in a railway accident two years ago, and many obstacles had to be overcome. Mr. Vorlign will be accompanied by Paul Ivanovitch Blukoff as travelling companion.

Makes Altitude Record

French Aviator Attains Height Never Before Reached By Man

Paris. — Aviators intent on breaking the world's altitude record must climb higher than 42,651 feet in consequence of the feat of Jean Gallizo who topped his own record by almost 1,700 feet. Gallizo's former altitude record was 12,442 metres and the new mark is 13,000 metres.

"Never again, I don't want to fall off the earth," exclaimed the diminutive Frenchman when informed that he had attained a height never before reached by a human being.

Sugar Industry For B.C.

New Westminster, B.C. — Arrangements for the establishment of a beet sugar industry in the Fraser Valley by an English company, capitalized at \$2,000,000, have been completed, according to word received by the New Westminster Board of Trade. The company will acquire a large area in the Fraser Valley worked by English and Scotch labor. The plant, it is believed, will be located in New Westminster.

No Increase In Immigration

Ottawa. — According to the Department of Immigration, June brought 18,952 newcomers to Canada as compared with 12,191 in June of last year — an increase of 48 per cent. The total for the first quarter of the fiscal year was 77,434 compared with 18,403 for the same quarter of 1926 — a gain of 60 per cent. Of the June figures 7,272 were British, 2,642 were from the United States and 8,138 from other countries.

Would Control Flights

Washington. Rigid control of all future trans-oceanic air flights will be insisted upon by the National Aeronautic Association which announced that while it disclaimed any desire to discourage "individual initiative in the quest for new records" it would demand fitness of flying equipment and competence of personnel as indispensable conditions to sanctioning such flights.

ATTEMPT TO CIRCLE THE GLOBE



Here are the latest airmen to fly across the Atlantic, William Brock, (left) and Edward E. Schlee. In their Stinson-Detroiter plane, similar to craft in the Windsor-to-Windsor and London-to-London dashes, they recently flew across the Atlantic from Newfoundland to England in an attempt to circle the globe in 15 days.

GOOD CROP NOW BEING GARNERED IN PRAIRIE WEST

Ottawa. — Canada is in a fair way to garner another good crop, says a review issued by the Department of Agriculture based on reports submitted by the superintendents of the Dominion Experimental Farms. The survey includes wheat, coarse grains, potatoes, hay and forage, apples, tobacco, sugar beet, and turnips and cavers all the provinces.

The wheat producing provinces of Western Canada are referred to separately in the review. In Alberta it is stated very heavy yields are indicated in all parts of the province. No frost or rust damage is in evidence. Cutting is well under way in the south and just started in the central part of the province. A bumper crop in the Peace River region is indicated. "In fact," says the report, "the province, as a whole, seems to be ready to harvest a nearly record crop of good quality wheat."

Cutting is general in Southern Saskatchewan, but just beginning in the more northerly parts according to the review. In Saskatchewan some injury has been done by frost and rust but this is not likely to cause any great damage. On the whole, prospects in Saskatchewan are for a very good crop with yields somewhat above the average. With respect to the Manitoba wheat situation the bulletin states that about 40 per cent of the wheat crop has been cut in the Southern part of the province and promises to be up to average.

In Central Manitoba, the crop is heavy and is being injured to some extent by rust. In the more northerly parts the crop is rather late and may be affected by rust and frost.

The wheat crop in Quebec and Eastern Ontario will be about average, it is stated. In Western Ontario it is considerably better than last year.

Saved Millions For Employers

Detroit, Mich. — James Everett Smith, steel expert of the Ford Motor Company, died Monday after a long illness. Smith saved the company \$35,000,000 in four years by use of a new method to harden steel, according to a statement written by Henry Ford in his autobiography.

Public Opinion Against War

Increased Participation Of The Masses In Peace Movements

Vancouver. Increased participation of the masses of the people in formulating the attitudes of nations toward each other was given by Sir George Foster, in addressing the Canadian Club here, as one of the forces operating against war. He cited as an example that not long ago war seemed possible between the United States and Mexico, but that immediately the change of public opinion became known people from all parts of the country protested to Washington. He said the history of negotiations before other conflicts showed that decisions were made on the prejudices of a mere handful of people.

"Read the negotiations which occurred before the last war and note the few persons who participated in them," he said.

Sir George spoke on "The New Internationalism." He said the most stupendous accomplishment in all history was the fact that the peoples of 63 nations had formed themselves into an association of nations to devise new methods of carrying on relations.

Great Interest Shown

In League Session

Action On Disarmament Problem Is Subject Of Speculation

Geneva. The forty-sixth session of the League of Nations Council was opened under the presidency of Enrique Villegas, Chilean ambassador to Italy.

The lobbies of the building were filled and speculation was heard as to what the League Assembly would do concerning the problem of disarmament, left in the air by the divergent results of the league's preparatory commission meeting and the collapse of the tri-power naval conference.

Another question holding popular interest was whether Great Britain, France and Germany and possibly other great powers would formulate any common policy toward Russia.

Huge Sum For Defence

New York. The seven year campaign to save Sacco and Vanzetti from death in the electric chair cost \$250,000, Alvin Edelman, treasurer and founder of the Boston Defence Committee, announced here.



"Fore" Replaces War Whoops

Were the staid old Chinamen of the past to sit up in their graves and watch this young child drifting from the right tee on the Banff Golf course, there is no saying whether they would grin in disgust or with approval. Chief Big Buffalo, who is seen about to drive, thinks they would be envious and would bewail their fate at having to sleep on while their grandsons sent whistling drives over stretches that once echoed with their war whoops.

But for all the Indians may have acquired from the modern world, they still retain the charm of their centuries-old customs and dress much to the delight of the thousands of visitors from all parts of the world who holiday annually at the famous mountain resort of Banff.

This unusual photograph was taken on the scenic course that lies near the junction of the Bow and Spray Rivers, just below the Banff Springs Hotel.

Mystery Wheat Expected To Create A Sensation In Western Canada

Uniform Rate Necessary

Present Restrictions Hamper British Immigration Says Dr. Black

Montreal. — "Restrictions which apply to the low passage rate render it difficult, if indeed not impossible, for any considerable number of British people to avail themselves of that rate to come to Canada and settle here on the land," said Dr. W. J. Black, director of colonization of the Canadian National Railways, who has returned from Europe.

Dr. Black suggested that a flat rate should be adopted declaring a uniform rate was necessary and that application of such a rate should be without any complex series of restricting regulations.

"Due to the restriction of entry to the United States," said Dr. Black, "Canada now has an opportunity to secure a considerable proportion of the stream of immigration which heretofore has flowed into the United States and which has greatly helped develop that nation during the past 50 years."

Bridge Nearly Completed

Will Span Limestone River On Hudson's Bay Line

Winnipeg. The bridge crossing the Limestone River at Mile 350, on the Hudson's Bay Railway, will be completed by the middle of September, according to a statement made by H. A. Dixon, chief engineer of the Canadian National Railways, who is in charge of the construction of the road. As soon as the bridge is finished, track laying will be started from the Limestone River for Mile 255, the new junction point to Fort Churchill.

In the meantime, a survey party is in the field, locating the line towards the Churchill area and as soon as the track is laid to mile 255 work will be started in clearing, grading and ditching the line towards Churchill. It is expected that this work will be completed into December, before weather conditions interfere.

Report Labor Increase

Data Shows Gain In Prairie Provinces During July

Regina. — The Labor Gazette reports that in the prairie provinces last month the greatest gains in employment were in construction, manufacturing, transportation, service and communications, while logging (in which the movement was seasonal) showed a decline. Data were compiled from 775 employers with an aggregate staff of 118,556 workers, as against 113,298 in their last report. This increase of 4,558 workers was recorded that registered on July 1, 1926, while the level of employment was higher than on the same date in any other year of the record.

A Miraculous Cure

Quebec. A miraculous cure was reported from Ste. Anne de Beaupre, Sunday. Eulherio Grasso, a Cuban, declared herself cured of tuberculosis from which she had been suffering for several years.

Canadian Air League To Further Interests Of Aviation In Dominion

Ottawa. Steps were taken here today to assist in the civil, commercial and military development of aviation by in scope and function to the Air League of the British Empire formed in Great Britain in 1924. At a luncheon given by Major General J. H. MacBrien, attended by a number of representative airmen from Montreal, Ottawa and Toronto, it was decided to form the Canadian League and a provincial committee was appointed with Major General MacBrien as chairman.

Dr. Hadden Guest, former British member of Parliament, was present at the luncheon representing the Air League of the British Empire and especially delegated by the head of the league, Gen. Groves, to offer his cooperation in the formation of a partner league in Canada. Dr. Guest explained the scope and function of the British league and pointed out the need of a representative organization in each country of the Empire.

Edmonton. — Hermann Trolle, world champion wheat and oat grower, is paying the way for a new triumph that will likely cause a stir in grain growing belts of Canada and the United States.

This is a new variety of wheat which can be sown later and ripens 18 days earlier than present varieties and which is expected to cause a revolution in wheat growing in Western Canada.

When members of Hon. Dr. King's party visited Mr. Trolle's farm at Wembley during their recent tour of the North country, they found that successful experiments are being conducted with this "mystery" wheat. It has been supplied from the Dominion Experimental Farm at Ottawa and gives indication of creating a sensation in Western Canada. The samples were examined by members of the party and all were obviously impressed with the results of the initial tests.

This year Mr. Trolle is enlarging his holdings and has 480 acres as compared with 160 acres last year. He plans on continuing his experimental work on a large scale, according to members of the party.

Mounties Return From Far Northern Interior

Opened a New Police Post On Liard Lake

Prinair. Report. After spending thirteen months in the remote regions of the Northern interior during which time they opened a new post of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police at Lower Liard on Liard Lake, Inspector T. V. Sandys-Watson, Sergeant Paul and Constable Cooper have returned to Vancouver. With them was John Tom, an Indian, who had come living in that wilderness, who will be taken to the States.

Inspector Sandys-Watson, it will be remembered, figured prominently in the whitechapel murder case which was tried in Prince Rupert two years ago and which resulted in the conviction for manslaughter of Big Alex, who has since been released and returned to the Liard River district.

Complain About

History Books

Report Says Text Books Used In Chicago Are Pro-British

Chicago. Histories used in Chicago public schools were indicated as anti-American, pro-British and "grossly distorted" in an exhaustive report filed with Mayor Thompson.

John J. Gorman, former congressman who was commissioned by the Mayor to investigate the text books, said he found they omit facts and distort and adulterate many of the real characters, events and incidents hitherto held sacred to American history.

The report came first on the heels of the suspension, under charges of insubordination, of William McAndrew, superintendent of schools, whom Mayor Thompson has assailed as "the stool pigeon of King George" and the instigator of alleged anti-American teaching in the schools.

Col. R. H. Millock, Winnipeg, is Western Canada's representative on the provincial committee.

Weird Occurrence At Tower of London

Soldier's Death Said To Prove Truth Of Old Superstition

The raven, bird of ill omen and harbinger of death, is the central figure in a weird and tragic occurrence at the Tower of London.

Ravens have made their home at the Tower for hundreds of years, and it is a superstition among the troops that if a raven's death is accompanied a soldier's life pays the penalty.

A few days ago a guardsman was leading a dog through the square. He was confronted by a raven, credited with 80 years, which attacked the dog vigorously with his beak, still sharp for all his advanced age. The guardsman repelled the attack by means of his stick and unintentionally killed the bird.

The barracks were filled at once with dread forebodings.

The raven's body was buried with due ceremony, and a piece of wood, suitably inscribed, was erected to mark the grave.

The sequel was not long delayed. The following night guardsman Arthur Chidgey overstepped his leave, he tried to enter the Tower by climbing the wall, but he fell into the moat, breaking both his legs. He was the following morning—although the deepest sympathy was expressed for him—generally voted lucky in escaping the full penalty of the raven's vengeance.

He died later in the day, however, symptoms having developed.

The officer whose duty it was to report the details of the case visited the scene of the accident. He found that the unfortunate guardsman had fallen directly on the raven's grave, the footprint of his body being clearly visible.

Question Definitely Settled

Leaving Tower Of Pisa In No Immediate Danger Of Falling

The question of whether the Leaning tower of Pisa, dubious as to the stability of which have been advanced periodically in the last twenty years, is really in danger of falling has been definitely settled by a special commission appointed for that purpose. The commission finds that the inclination of the tower is indeed increasing, but at such a slow rate that no immediate apprehensions need be felt.

According to an accurate measurement the top of the tower has moved slightly more than half an inch in the last twenty years. In more recent years the rate of movement has increased somewhat, but for the last nine years it has remained steady at about four-hundredth of an inch per year.

Though it is undeniable, therefore, that the Leaning tower will eventually fall unless measures are taken to prevent its movement, the commission concludes that there is no immediate danger.

The commission counsels prudence in adopting any scheme to reinforce the base of the tower, expressing fear that any attempt to tamper with the foundations may do more harm than good. For the present it suggests draining the ground around the tower, because its foundations were found to be in a bad condition owing to the infiltrations of water.

Meanwhile it proposes to continue its studies to devise the best possible means to check any further increase of the inclinations.

Settling In Peace River District

Fifty families have settled in the Winnipeg district, made famous last December by Herman Trolle's winning of the two world's championships of wheat and oats at the International Hay and Grain Show at Chicago. Some of these families are from France, under the charge of Father Peron of the Oblate Order. He states that more families are about to come from New Hampshire.

Jasper Park Lodge

Jasper Lodge in Jasper National Park, Alberta, stands on the shore of the beautiful lake Beauvelet and a luxuriant growth of spruce and lodge pole pine. It comprises a group of buildings, constructed of logs cut from adjacent forests, and its popularity has necessitated the addition of new structures nearly every year since the opening.

Sheep:—Did he catch that automobile thief?

Deputy: He was a lucky bird. We had chased him only a mile when our 500 miles was up and we had to change the oil.

Teacher: Willie, what is an em-bassy?

Willie: A place where transatlantic flyers change their clothes.

W. N. U. 1927

For Business Purposes

Probably Good Reason For Excitement Over Prince Wearing Straw Hat

London society, says a cable dispatch, is shocked. It has seen pictures of the Prince of Wales in Canada—pictures in which the heir apparent is wearing a hard straw hat. London society had expected that the Prince, while on tour in this country, would observe the conventions, and it appears that the wearing of straw hats is decidedly unconventional in the eyes of the best London society. The proper headgear on all except formal occasions is the fedora or derby or some other form of felt hat. It is so in England, and therefore it ought to be so everywhere from China to Peru, at the poles and at the equator. But the Prince is more sensible than London society. He wears a straw hat in Canada because he finds a straw hat more comfortable than a felt one when the temperature is in the eighties and nineties and the sun dazzling; moreover, because most adult male Canadians wear straw hats in mid-summer. It is to his credit that he prefers to be comfortable rather than conventional.

Possibly, however, London society is not so much excited as the cable correspondent makes out. It may be that the excitement does not extend far beyond the business circle, which is interested in the sale of hats, and that the indignation springs from a fear that the Prince's strange fancy may cause a decline in the demand for felt hats and leave large stocks of them on the shelves, to be disposed of only at a sacrifice.

Invariably a Careful Driver

Is Man Who Is Always Considerate In General Things

The good which the automobile does in giving air and recreation to people who might otherwise have to go without seeing the beauties of parks and gardens, the sea, the mountains, the woodlands and the cities, cannot be overestimated, although it is often lost sight of in the daily evidences of the harm that an automobile can do.

On the other hand, the automobile provides a means for thoughtless and irresponsible people to make nuisances of themselves. Dangerous parking, trespassing, littering up picnic spots, tearing up shrubs and flowers, failure to take proper precautions against hitting dumb animals or to relieve their suffering when hit, leaving checking stones in the highway after fixing punctures, and starting forest fires by carelessly throwing cigarette and cigar butts out of cars are a few of the nuisance practices which might be mentioned.

In the long run, however, a man of good character, who is considerate of others in his general daily contacts, is invariably a thoughtful, reasonable driver.

Merchant Was Convinced

Learned By Practical Demonstration That Advertising Pays

Now that the Advertising Convention in London is in full swing and the doctrine that "sweet are the uses of advertisement" is being ardently preached, it may be apt to recall a pleasant tale of the live-wire canvasser for advertisements and the reluctant trader. "Nobody reads advertisements," maintained the trader. At last the canvasser offered a free "ad," just as a test. "You can do what you like. No one will read it," said the obtuse one. So the canvasser arranged for a three line notice—which was hidden away on an inner page to the effect that the trader in question wanted to buy a cat.

Four hours after publication an urgent telephone message was received at the newspaper office asking that the notice be withdrawn at once as 177 cats had already arrived on approval.

Can Metalize Plaster Statues

A German artist-inventor has devised a new technique for literally turning plaster statues into metal ones, by means of an ingenious "extrusion pistol" which projects a fine stream of molten bronze or other metal against the inside of a hollow plaster cast with such force that it carries on through the porous substances and comes out as a thin film, hardening on the outer surface. The process is said to be extremely rapid, five minutes operation of the pistol being sufficient to metalize a plaster cast the size of a man's hand.

"What is your trade?" asked a benevolent old man to a person, he had just helped.

"I'm a picker."

"A picker? What is that?"

"Well, I pick strawberries in July, peas in August, pockets in winter, and oakum the rest of the year!"

The London Daily Express now has a circulation of close to 1,100,000.

Hardy Roses

List Of Varieties That Have Been Found Suitable For Home Gardens

The revised edition of the bulletin "Hardy Roses" as issued by the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa, first issued contains very useful information for those who are undertaking rose growing in their home gardens. Besides long lists of Hybrid Teas and Hybrid Perpetuals and Climbing Roses that have done at least moderately well at Ottawa, certain of them are recommended as being especially suited for the small garden. In Hybrid-Perpetuals seven varieties in different colors are especially recommended for their hardiness, beautiful flowers, and cropping qualities. These include: Frau Karl Druschki, white; General Jacqueminot, scarlet crimson; Her Majesty, pink; Hugh Dickson, crimson; Mrs. John Laing, pink; Mrs. Sharman Crawford, pink; and Ulrich Brunner, cherry red. If the list is to be still further reduced, Mr. W. T. Macoun and Miss Isabella Preston, the authors of the bulletin, would confine their selection to Frau Karl Druschki, Mrs. John Laing, and Hugh Dickson. Of the Hybrid Teas which are not quite so hardy but more constant bloomers, the recommendations include: Caroline Testout, pink; General McArthur, crimson; Gruss an Teplitz, crimson; Lady Ashtown, pink; Lady Pirie, pink; La Toison, pink; Mme. Edouard Herriot, coral red; Souvenir de Claudius Bernet, yellow; Willowmere, shrimp pink.

The bulletin, which is No. 17, New Series, and is available at the Publications Branch of the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa, covers the whole subject of rose growing in Canada in such popular language as to be a safe and easy guide either for the beginner or the rose grower of experience.

Much Worse

Sam: "You know, man, Ah, done got stuck up there in the woods with a flat tire on each of mah wheels, mah gears stripped, besides two burnt-out bearings."

Tastus: "That sure was bad, but it coulda been worse."

Sam: "How could it ha' been worse?"

Tastus: "It coulda been me."

Production In British Columbia

The farms of British Columbia produced \$71,362,209 in 1926, breaking all records and gaining \$6,208,696 in value over the previous year, according to the final figures of the Provincial Statistics. Lumbering is the largest industry in the province with agriculture second.



Bucking Horse Champion

"Bring 'em on" says Pete Knight of Crossfield, Alberta, and Canadian North American Bucking Horse Champion. He gained this title at the Calgary Stampede held in the west recently against competitors from all parts of Canada and the United States, and in doing so proved himself master of anything the western plains could produce in the way of

Hulless Oats For Poultry

Cracked Hulless Oats Found Useful For Young Chickens

Hulless oats, that is varieties of oats that thresh out clear of the hulls, are particularly useful for the feeding of poultry. Experiments carried on at one Manitoba and one Saskatchewan Experimental Farm with laying pullets showed profits of about twenty-five cents per bird in favour of the hulless oats. In the tests made pens receiving hulless oats in both grain and mash were compared with pens receiving common oats fed in the same manner. Cracked hulless oats are particularly useful for young chicks. This test and many others are reported in the 1926 annual report of the Poultry Division of the Experimental Farms, distributed by the Publications Branch of the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa, which gives the results of much experimental work carried on at the Central Farm and at the branch farms and stations over Canada in all phases of poultry raising.

Population Of Canada

Statistics For Last Year Place Number At 9,378,000

Canada's estimated population in 1926 was 9,378,000, according to the preliminary report on vital statistics for the year 1926 issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics on data obtained under arrangement with all the provinces of Canada.

Ontario has still the largest population, viz., 3,146,000; Quebec follows with 2,562,000. The three Prairie Provinces form the third group—Saskatchewan, 821,000; Manitoba, 639,000, and Alberta, 608,000. British Columbia has a population of 568,000, Nova Scotia, 546,000; New Brunswick, 407,000, and Prince Edward Island, 87,000.

Flew Through Plate Glass

Mistaking a large plate glass window in front of a swimming pool at Banff, Alberta, for an open passage, a partridge flew into it breaking the huge pane and killing itself. The force of the flight was shown by the fact that the bird passed entirely through the glass and partly across the room within before it fell. It cost \$100 to repair the damage.

Studying the Reindeer Question

The Government of Canada has two experts at work investigating the possibility of introducing reindeer into the country near the mouth of the Mackenzie River. The experts have spent a year in the north, travelling on foot and by dog-team, and their study will take it is expected, another year.

Good Slogan For B.C.

Italian Saying Might Well Be Applied To Pacific Coast Province

The Italians have a saying, "See Naples and die," meaning that nobody should omit to visit this city before they leave this mortal coil. The people of British Columbia might well adopt that slogan, paraphrased accordingly, as their own, and tell it to the world.

Happily, the province of British Columbia is aroused in the value of telling the world about the scenic grandeur and the business opportunities of their wonderful territory by means of an advertising campaign in Canadian newspapers.

It is to Canadians that the facts should first be made known. What-ever country a man belongs to, he should see his native or adopted land first before spending large sums of money on travelling in other countries. There is, of course, a certain fascination in visiting foreign soil, but if he is seeking scenic beauty he has it in plenty at his own door, so to speak, and not only in abundance but in surpassing and overwhelming effect.

In this respect British Columbia has the most superb scenery in the Dominion. Nature has been lavish in fashioning the landscape of that province with a beauty which leaves humans awed and lost for words to describe it. Dr. Frank Crane, the well-known American writer and traveller, declared some years ago that of all places in the world he had seen, there was nothing to compare with the Canadian Rockies. And they are in British Columbia.

A journey to the coast by rail is the experience of a lifetime. Moreover, the province has a system of highways that enables the motorist to make the journey through the Rocky Mountains with safety and at leisure. Here again is a joy that is offered to every citizen of Canada and should be taken advantage of before thinking of trips abroad.

But for the man who is thinking of the province in terms of profit, it teems with fertile agricultural, fruit and vegetable soil, rich pasture lands, minerals, lumber and fishing opportunities in almost inexhaustible measure. Also it has a climate that is the kindest in Canada to man or beast.

In short, British Columbia is a lovely country to see, a splendid country to make a home in.

"See British Columbia and die." — St. Thomas Times-Journal.

Feeling Of Writer

Expressed In Letter

Those Received From Cheerful People Are Always Enjoyed

You are always glad to receive letters from some people. Why? The answer is that you know their letters are cheerful, that these writers have a way of telling things without the gloomy aspects, and—well, you feel good over hearing from them, that's all.

Again there are some people who seem determined to look altogether on the dark side of everything and their views are invariably reflected in the letters they send out to their friends and their business correspondents.

A cheerful letter is like a beacon light to a weary traveller who has lost his way; it comes with all the refreshing sweetness of a summer morn and the honeyed sunshine of spring.

His Turn To Move

Two men were seated in a railway carriage.

As soon as the train started one got up and opened the window. After a few moments the other shut it. The first man immediately rose and opened it once more.

"What do you think you are playing at?" angrily demanded the man who had shut the window.

"Draughts," said his companion sweetly. "Your move."

Cats Use Their Eyes

Some one has been taking cats and dogs to the moving pictures and reports that the dogs are bored and pay no attention to the goings-on on the screen, while the cats are alert and excited; when the cats see a big fierce dog pictured, they arch their backs and spit. Which proves what we all knew before, that dogs communicate with objects chiefly through their sense of smell, while cats use their eyes constantly and well.

Cook—"I've bought some mushrooms today, ma'am."

Madam—"Are they edible?"

Cook—"No, ma'am, they're good to eat."

Some men run a business along the lines of the man who used a cannon for shooting mice.

Unless a man is satisfied with himself he is not in the self-made class.

Improvement Of Hog Products

Chaffed Alfalfa Improves Winter Rations Of Pigs

In the report for the year ending March 31st, 1927, of the Director of the Dominion Experimental Farms just issued by the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa, particulars are given of certain work carried on regarding the improvement of hog products and the animal itself. Investigations of the causes of soft pork is not considered complete except so far as that softness of side appears very closely linked with unfinished hogs. In an experiment relative to the methods of feeding with economy of gains one lot of pigs was normally hand fed, another lot self fed, a third lot heavily hand fed, and the fourth and last lot lightly hand fed. The self-fed lot made the largest daily gains at a cost of 6.6 cents per pound and the lightly-fed lot the slowest at a cost of 5.9 cents per pound. The heavily fed lot made gains at a cost of 6 cents per pound and the normally fed lot gains at a cost of 6.1 cents per pound.

A test in the use of chopped alfalfa to improve the winter ration of pigs tends to show that three per cent of chopped alfalfa of good quality increases the value of the ration for market hogs.

A litter of seven from a cross-bred Tamworth-Berkshire sow by a Berkshire boar was used to determine the feed cost of producing pork from weaning to marketable age and weight. The pigs averaged 34.5 pounds at the start of the test and weighed an average of 188 pounds when marketed. They consumed an average of 2.47 pounds of meal and 5.27 pounds of milk per pound of gain. The meal mixture was worth \$35 per ton and valuing the milk at 25 cents per hundred pounds would indicate that the feed cost per pound of gain was 5.66 cents.

Were Particular About Armor

Dandies In Medieval Times Wanted A Perfect Fit

The balloon sleeves that were the last word in feminine finery in the leg-of-mutton era, when mother was a girl, have nothing on a pair of huge, puffed, engraved, and gilded sleeves of armor recently acquired by the Metropolitan Museum of Art. The evolution of medieval armor followed along lines comparable to that followed by some prehistoric monsters who developed horns, teeth, and fins to the point where ungainliness superseded usefulness, according to Bashford Deau, curator of armor of the museum.

During the first half of the sixteenth century armor had begun to follow the outlines of the current fads of fashion. Clothes were no more designed to fit under the armor, but the armor was made to fit the clothes. Foppish princelings and affluent nobles insisted that armorers hammer out hardware to surround their immense sleeves and abbreviated Oxford bags, he explained.

The newly acquired pieces are thought to have come originally from the Radziwill family, an ancient line of princes that held land near the frontier of Poland and Russia, and date back to around 1525. This opinion is strengthened by Mr. Deau's estimation by their resemblance to a richly engraved backplate from the same source, whose fine workmanship bears a close resemblance to the etching on the sleeves.

Commercial Flying In Alberta

The first passenger trip of the Lethbridge Commercial Airways was made on August 7 between High River and Lethbridge. It is announced that commercial flights will be arranged between Lethbridge and Waterton Lakes. At the latter there is a Canadian National Park of hundreds of square miles in area. A large modern hotel has recently been opened there.

Grazing In National Forests

The regulated grazing of live-stock is permitted on Dominion forest reserves or national forests in the western provinces. The number of animals pastured in the national forests in the fiscal year ended, March 31, 1926, was: cattle, 49,722; horses, 10,822; sheep and hogs, 4,923.

He: Would you mind telling me your age?

She (ingeniously): Not at all, I'm eighteen.

He: Times what?—The bits.

Prof. "You have not learned very much in this class, have you, Smith?"

Smith—"It's very decent of you, professor, to take the blame like that."

Spending your vacation is another term for spending your money.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO McBEAN BROS.

Write us for information regarding the markets. We will say now that so far as we can see the World's conditions warrant high prices for this year's crop, and if your wheat is handled intelligently you can see no reason for the farmers taking less than \$1.50 a bushel, and the possibilities are for a great deal higher price. The big shortage in the corn crop in the United States is a very bullish factor for our coarse grains. Give us a trial. We are licensed and bonded. Reference: Bank of Nova Scotia.

PAINTED FIRES

BY NELLIE L. McCLUNG

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CHAPTER VII.—Continued

Every seat in the courtroom was filled. It is not every day such a thrilling case can be offered to the unemployed public. A young girl, pretty and well-dressed, found in a Chinese den with heroin tablets in her possession, who resisted arrest, fighting like a wild cat, injuring an officer, and now refusing to say a word, is no ordinary attraction.

The gallery, reserved for the purpose, swarmed with anxious spectators. There was going to be a great show. Men with blue-black whiskers showing through the skin of their faces; and black shirts with a button or so gone, disclosing hairy chests; weedy youths, plump of face; stoop-shouldered older men with velvety noses and heavy jaws, burned down to the butt like old cigars; eager-eyed women, excited and strident, the boulder-cap type, hungry for sensations to fill their idle days; that dwellers, bargain hunters, can-openers, seemed in their law-abiding virtue, they came crowding in, hungry-eyed and jostling. Their liberty was sweet to these women this morning when contemplating the prospect of another woman's possible loss. It gave them that pleasurable thrill of comparative virtue.

The Press table was full. It looked like a heart interest story. — real thrill stuff, lovely, but misguided youth.

Helm's case was the first called. The police matron brought her in and sat with her. Her face was pale, but there was no shirking or fear in her eyes, and the eager crowd, whose eyes were all fixed on her noticed that she anxiously searched for someone. Her friend would have come if she were well enough. Helm thought, and again her rage kindled against the fate which prevented her from carrying out the very first factor her dear friend had asked her to do. She would know, though, that it was through no fault or carelessness of hers. Maybe she had died for lack of that medicine they had taken away from her. Maybe her dear friend had died, and there was no one she could ask. She must not ask—that was the trouble in her heart as she faced the crowd with its hundred eager searching eyes.

Under a glass roof, suspended by chains from the ceiling, sat the magistrate, alert, eager. He would see if this Finn girl would refuse to answer questions. He would put something of the fear of the law into her. These Finn girls! He knew them; hadn't he had enough trouble with them?

TO WOMEN OF MIDDLE AGE

Mrs. Wilson's Experience a Guide to Women Passing through the Change of Life

Hamilton, Ontario. — "I have taken several bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I cannot speak too highly of it as I was the change of life and was all run-down and had no appetite. I was very weak and sick, and the pains in my back were so bad I could hardly move. I got very sad at times and thought I had not a friend on earth. I did not care if I lived or died. I was very nervous, too, and did not go out very much. A friend advised me to try a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, so I did. I am a farmer's wife, and always worked hard until lately, and was in bed for two months. I began to feel like a new woman after the first bottle and I recommend it with great success, also Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills. I am willing to answer letters from women asking about your medicines, as I cannot speak too highly of them." — Mrs. Emma Wilson, 471 Wilson Street, Hamilton, Ontario.



Sold by druggists everywhere. •

W. N. U. 1657

The police officer gave evidence and identified Helm. The one with his arm in a sling told his story. "The girl appeared to be very frightened, and did not understand that she was arrested. Your Worship, I think," he said.

"I am not yet convinced that this girl does not understand English," his Worship snapped, "that is a point to be decided, and she can save herself a lot of trouble now if she will tell us the whole story."

"What is your name?" "Helen Milander," she answered. "Yes, that name is well known in this court. I had the pleas—painted duty not long ago of sending Anna Milander to jail for a similar offence, attacking a policeman. Have you a sister named Anna Milander?"

When the interpreter put the question, Helm admitted that she had but not knowing what the magistrate had said; she did not know the implication. The interpreter did not give her all that he had said.

Miss Rodgers was on her feet in a moment. "Your Worship—" she began.

The magistrate ordered her to sit down.

"I demand to be heard," said Miss Rodgers, "an injustice is being done this girl."

"All in good time," said the magistrate sternly. "You will get a chance to speak, but you cannot interrupt this court."

There were murmurs in the gallery. "Served her right to be set in her place!" "Go, doesn't Magistrate Windsor know how to handle a case? No one can put anything over on him." The plump face loafers were having a positive thrill. They gazed over Helm's pale face with its proud defiance. She would get jail as sure as she was an inch high, and when she came out she couldn't pull that stuff on them. Girls just out of jail were not so uppity; they were glad to have anyone show them around. They nudged each other.

"Now, I want you to speak," the magistrate said slowly, and speaking in a long-drawn-out voice. He seemed to think if he spoke loudly she must understand. "You are either an old hand at this business, young and innocent as you look, or you are hiding someone. You must speak. Just say the name of the person who sent you to Sam's for dope."

Again the interpreter spoke to her, and the crowd waited.

Helm shook her head.

The spell broke at that, and the gallery relaxed. A rustle of whispers cracked over it, like a gust off dry leaves.

"Silence!" commanded the magistrate, and again the tightening came in the Court. The air was heavy now with unwashed humanity, perspiring feet, bad breath, scented soap. Outside, wagons rattled by, street cars clanged.

"Has any person anything to say?" asked the magistrate, looking wrathfully at Miss Rodgers, who came forward.

"Give your name," commanded the magistrate sternly, "and be brief."

"This young girl has lived in our neighborhood for three months, and bears a good character," said Miss Rodgers. "She belongs to a girl's club, which she attends regularly; she has no bad habits, and is steady and industrious. She is an innocent, healthy, normal girl. It was not her sister whom you sentenced. She has no relatives here. Her sister is in Finland."

out reforming the world, and the girls are on the street or in their clubs. I blame the club women of this city for the devilment that goes on among the young people, for the home has gone. I tell you, there's no religion in the homes any more, no respect for law—nothing but birth, control clubs, political clubs, bridge clubs, while the young girls and boys steal cars, joy ride and snuff dope. There you are!"

The cliff dwellers were enjoying it. They did not belong to the women's organizations, so he didn't mean them.

Mr. Terry came forward and asked if he might give evidence.

"This girl's mother cannot be blamed," he said, "she is dead. Helm has been here only a few months. If our society is in the state you say—" "Give your evidence, Sir," interrupted the magistrate, "this is a court of law—you are not preaching, remember."

"The girl is doing an honorable thing," continued the minister. "She is suffering for some other person's misdeeds. She must have gone to Sam's place for someone. I know the girl; she is honest and innocent."

"Let her speak, then. No one is stopping her. Let her clear herself."

"It would be an iniquitous thing to send this girl to jail, where she will associate with evil women. I plead for mercy. She struck the policeman in her fright—she says so, too."

The crowd in the gallery were restless. They resented the preacher's coming into the play. The modern preacher who comes bodily into public life without apology is a farthing note in the complacent philosophy of their class. They had much the same conception of a preacher as the magistrate had. Preachers should be slithering, tea-dripping, bazaar-opening curates, pallid and dandruff, with decayed teeth.

(To Be Continued.)

Eskimos Grateful To Dentist

Do Not Mind Having Teeth Pulled Says Professor Waugh

Eskimos like to have their teeth pulled, says Dr. L. M. Waugh, professor of orthodontia in the Columbia school of dental and oral surgery, in a report sent from the Labrador coast, where he is carrying on researches with the Eskimo tribes in Northern Labrador and the Ungava Bay region.

Eskimos make grateful patients when their confidence is once gained, states Dr. Waugh, and extraction brings smiles instead of wry faces. After he had extracted teeth from a group of Labrador Eskimos, including four women and five men, they smiled and thanked him, and all said that "it didn't hurt at all." Dr. Waugh indicates that this attitude is characteristic of all his Eskimo patients.

Says Prince Can Stand It

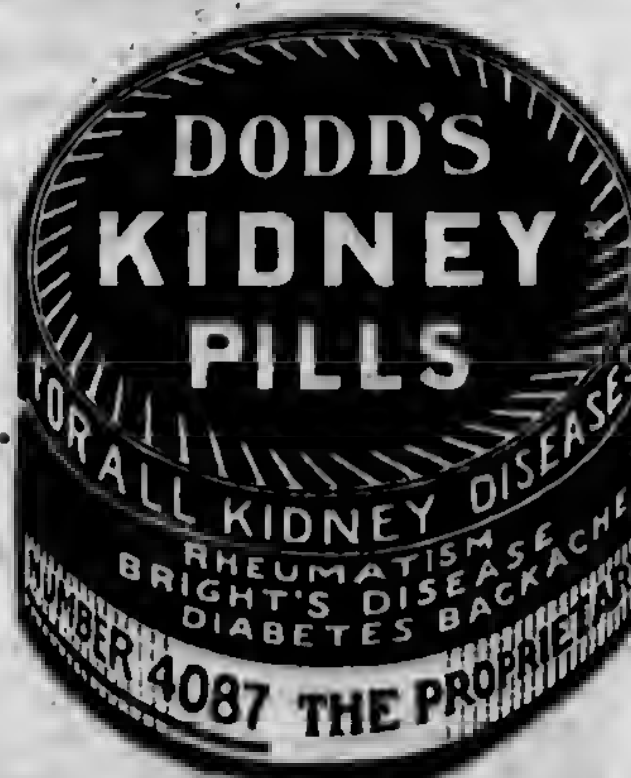
The King does not believe the Prince of Wales is leading too strenuous a life, is the report of a conversation which Harry Wright, an officer in the Moroccan Campaign, had with His Majesty near Lancaster, as told in the Weekly Despatch. They talked about the Prince, and when Mr. Wright ventured the opinion that he was working too hard, the King said: "He is a young man, and can stand it. Of course, he is fond of travel, as young men always are, but when they get a bit older, they are not as fond of going abroad, are they?"

Had Not Been Missed

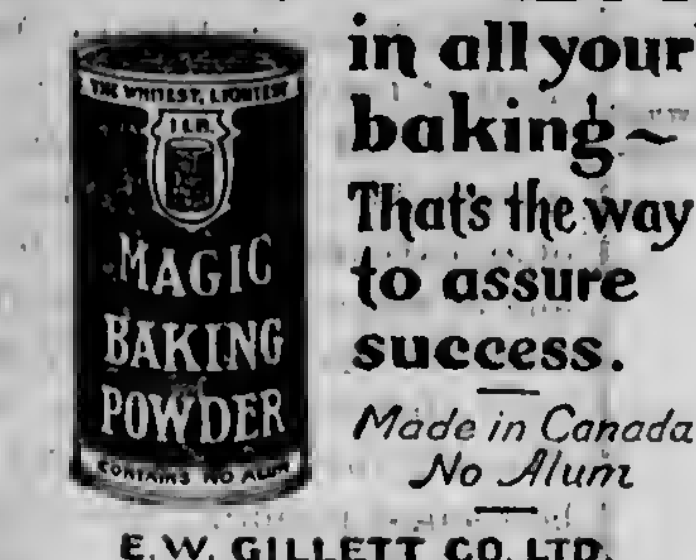
A young business man, after eight years of absence, alighted at the station of the town of his birth. There was, despite his expectations, no one on the platform whom he knew. No one. Discouraged, he sought out the station-master, a friend since boyhood. To him at least he would be welcomed, and he was about to extend a hearty greeting when the other spoke first. "Hello, George," he said. "Goin' away?"

Why suffer from corns when they can be painlessly rooted out by using Holloway's Corn Remover.

Hobby—"Hurray! I'm going to have a holiday tomorrow!" Willie—"Good! You can clean the cellar and the attic."



Use MAGIC BAKING POWDER



in all your baking That's the way to assure success.

Made in Canada No Alum

Magic Tower At Croydon

Controlling Air Traffic By Wireless Is Newest Wonder Of Science

The other afternoon I climbed a ladder into a little room at the top of a wooden tower and passed from the world of today into the world of tomorrow, writes Harry Harper in a London paper.

Perched above London's great air station at Croydon, that lofty chamber, with its maps, wireless instruments, and levers, is the forerunner of giant structures with intricate, almost human apparatus that will control air traffic which, rushing above oceans and continents, will span eventually the entire world.

On one side of you, up in that tower at Croydon, sits an operator with headphones to his ears. On the other is the traffic controller, who every now and then moves little flags across the surface of a map.

It is our newest wonder of science, this, and its secret is the perfection of wireless telephony in its application to flight. From that tower words flash into the void and are heard by the airplane piloted somewhere high above mid-Channel. Not only does he hear them, but he himself talks freely to the far-off tower.

Most fascinating of all is to be up there as the light fades and night comes on. The controller leans over and moves a switch, instantly there leaps to life, far out across the dome, the flash of an aerial light-house. He speaks into a telephone and a vivid glare of reddish light shines through the gathering gloom. This is the night guide and toppling beacon which pilots can see from miles away.

Another lever moves, and out on the surface of the dome glow lights which guide an airplane to his actual contact with the ground. And then, stealing down from out of the upper darkness, comes one of the big planes of Imperial Airways, its navigation and cabin lights gleaming.

People talk of supermen. Well, what can one say of those wizards up there in their tower doing things which, to ordinary folk seem the veriest magic.

A Power Of Its Own.—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil has a subtle power of its own. All who have used it know this and keep it by them as the most valuable household available. Its uses are innumerable and for many years it has been prized as the leading liniment for man and beast.

The Danger Of Forgetting

British Empire Through Modesty Losing Sight Of Accomplishments During War

Lord Haig rendered a service to the Empire by his presidential speech at the conference of the British Empire Service League. It was high time that some one should speak out boldly and frankly about the magnificent accomplishments of the Empire in the Great War, the unprecedented burdens it shouldered, not only on its own behalf, but on behalf of the whole of civilization. Our incorrigible habit of belittling our own efforts and applauding those of our neighbors has in this instance been carried a good deal too far, both for our safety and our self-respect. It has allowed the propaganda of nations not bound in self-adulation to convince the world that it was they, and not we, who bore the main burden—a fact that is exceedingly damaging to our name and reputation abroad. But the damage does not end there; for the truth is that, with our own overdue modesty and the overdue claims of others, we have ourselves begun to forget the glory of the part we played.

Sometimes a would-be optimist degenerates into a pessimist because of his inability to diagnose a bad case of hilliness.

Minard's Liniment eases sore feet.

Early Chinese Knew Method Of Vaccination

Was Crude and Primitive But Embodied Modern Principles

Vaccination was practiced in China as early as the tenth century. It has been discovered by Dr. H. H. Chen of Johns Hopkins University Medical School, who is engaged in research at the Gost Chinese Library at McGill University, Montreal.

Dr. Chen, commissioned by Johns Hopkins University to make the investigation, found the information on vaccination in a book first published in 1866. The account of the vaccination is found in a story recounting the illness of a son of a Chinese premier in the tenth century. The child died of smallpox. That a second and younger child might be protected, the premier summoned a monk, learned in medicine, who was requested to devise a method of preventing the disease.

The monk's method, while crude and primitive, is said to have embodied all the principles of modern vaccination.

Little Helps For This Week

For I reckon that the sufferings of this present time are not worthy to be compared with the glory which shall be revealed in us.—Romans viii. 18.

But all through life I see a cross. Where sons of God yield up their breath;

There is no gain except by loss. There is no life except by death; There is no vision but by faith. Nor glory but by bearing shame. Nor justice but by taking blame. And that eternal passion saith, "Be emptied of glory and right and name."—Walter C. Smith.

The prime condition of a life ever found is a life ever lost. But there are times when we all feel poor and bare and sad for our losses, and wonder whether it was not all wrong when the treasure was taken away. If we are poor because we stand true to life and duty, we are poor only as the sower is poor, because he has to cast his wheat into the furrow and then wait for the sheaves of harvest. Our poverty then is our wealth, and our loss our gain.—Robert Collyer.

Nearly all children are subject to worms, and many are born with them. Spare them suffering by using Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator, an excellent remedy.

A Bottomless Well

Strange Lake In Arizona Maintains Unchanging Level

One of the most curious and most interesting natural wonders to be found in Arizona is Montezuma Well.

This strange lake is located about the centre of the State in an isolated community. The well itself is some 200 yards across, and as far as it has been possible to determine, is bottomless.

The water in the well is absolutely clear and pure, it maintains a certain level all the time, which is unaffected by the dryness or wetness of the season.

The walls that rise precipitously above these clear waters and reflect themselves in them were at one time the homes of a populous community. For this is the very centre of what was once the cliff dwellers' stronghold in Arizona.

Large Sugar Beet Crop

It is expected that a record crop of sugar beets will be harvested this year in Southern Alberta. Officials of the Canadian Sugar Factories Limited estimate that the crop harvested will be from 45,000 to 50,000 tons, as compared with 41,000 tons last year. The increase is accounted for by the fact that 800 more acres were planted to sugar beets for this year's crop than last year's.

WILSON'S FLY PADS

Will kill many times more flies for the money than any other fly killer. Each pad will kill flies all day, every day, for three weeks. At all Grocers, Drug-gists and General Stores—10c and 25c per package.



With the arrival of the first ship in fifteen years, inhabitants of an island in the Bering Strait, between Siberia and Alaska, learned for the first time that Russia is no longer a monarchy.

BABY'S OWN TABLETS HELP A PRIZE WINNER

Baby's Own Tablets are without an equal for little ones. From the newborn babe to the growing child they are an absolute safeguard to health. Once a mother has used them she will use nothing else. Thousands of mothers always keep them on hand.

Among the mothers who state that Baby's Own Tablets are the best medicine for little ones that they know of is Mrs. Russell Hill, of Norwood, Ont. Her experience with the Tablets should be of great benefit to any mother who has not already given the Tablets a trial. Mrs. Hill says: "I have five fine healthy children, and from the youngest to the oldest they get no other medicine but Baby's Own Tablets. When our baby girl was eleven months old she won second prize at the Norwood Fair, and when she was a year older she won first prize in competition with twenty-eight other babies. It was the Tablets that gave her the health and development to carry off these prizes. I always delight in telling other mothers what the Tablets have done for my children."

Baby's Own Tablets are sold by medicine dealers, or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

When it comes to a quick parting the foot and his money are a close second to a woman and her secret.



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Safe Accept only "Bayer" package which contains proven directions. Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets. Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Mononitro-salicylic acid (Aspirin) Salicylic Acid. "A. S. A." While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

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News Notes

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22, at Bennetts' Store. Snappy
styles, reasonable prices. See
them Ladies.

Twenty-Fifth Anniversary of Raymond Bank of Montreal

Yesterday was the twenty-fifth anniversary of the establishment of the Bank of Montreal at this point. Opened at a time when Raymond was in its infancy and consisted only of a few frame-stores and residences, the local branch has materially assisted in the development of the district.

Raymond with a population of around 250, was then the centre of an extensive ranching territory and it was soon after the Bank of Montreal opened for business that the district began to develop through the establishment of a beet sugar refining plant by the Knight Sugar Company Limited, and the extension of wheat raising.

Among the business places at that time were the Raymond Mercantile Company Limited, King Bros. General Store, Wm. Paris, Plumber; C. W. Card and Sons, Hotel and Livery; and Cooper and Stevens in 1908 conducted a General Store business for a number of years. The Raymond Milling and Elevator Company Limited was established in the early days of the Town and taken over by the Ellison Milling and Elevator Company Limited in the year 1907, with Geo. W. Green as Manager. Mr. Green was also Mayor of Raymond in 1907. Upon acquiring the former Company the Ellison Milling and Elevator Co. Ltd. extended their operation by erecting a flour mill in Lethbridge, and since that time, their products have found a ready market, and the Company has enjoyed a large share of business of the district.

A few of the early ranchers and large farmers, whose names are recalled, are those of Wm. Meeks and Sons, H. S. Allen, Knight Sugar Co. Ltd., R. C. Hervey, Herford Ranch Company, Raymond Knight, J. T. Heninger Jr., Ben. Kenney and W. S. Rouse. The Alberta Land and Stock Company under the management of the late Chas. McCarthy commenced operations in 1907 and owned a large tract of land West of Raymond in addition to leasing about 50,000 acres on the Milk River Ridge, where they ran about 5,000 cattle. Another firm which carried on farming operations on a large scale, was the Alberta West Growers Company, whose Head Office was in Minneapolis, in 1919 this Company had approximately 3,000 acres in crop.

The Knight Sugar Company Ltd. was also largely responsible for the development of the district in the early days through the development of a Sugar Factory, and it was principally due to their connections and influences that the district was settled. About the years 1908 and 1909, owing to labor shortage, this Company was instrumental in importing Japanese labor, and again in the year 1912 brought in a number of Belgians to work in the beet fields. The Company found a good market for their sugar but in view of a shortage of beets were obliged to import raw sugar for refining in order to supply the demand. Eventually, in 1914, when local farmers thought more of raising wheat than sugar beets, the Company discontinued the manufacture of sugar.

In 1911 the population of Raymond was 2,000 and at which time Mr. B. S. Young was Mayor and Frank T. Holt, Chief of Police. With the closing of the sugar factory the population gradually decreased to a low point of 1,200 within a few years. The past history of the Town and District compares favorably with that of other points in Alberta, and, with the exception of the year 1918, due to drought, the district has harvested good average crops. The ranching industry also suffered heavily during the years and due to the causes mentioned above, and has never fully recovered. In the year 1919 approximately 130,000 cattle were shipped from the Southern part of the Province due to feed shortage. The same year only 40,000 bushels of wheat were harvested in the Welling and Raymond Districts in comparison with 770,000 bushels the following year.

The first Manager of the Branch of the Bank of Montreal here, was Mr. C. M. Brown and others who have succeeded him are F. D. Anderson, E. S. Martin, J. M. Clancy, now manager at Guelph, Ontario; F. G. Woods, G. H. Harman, now Manager at Saskatoon; W. H. Jackson, S. M. Connelly, F. G. Belcher, now Assistant Superintendent of the Saskatchewan Branches; T. Y. Love Manager at High River; W. R. Henderson, an Inspector of Alberta Branches, and D. R. Mackay, now manager at Strathmore, Alta. Mr. C. C. Watson is the present Manager. Mr. O. R. Sharp who was Accountant at this Branch in 1907 is now Assistant General Manager at Head Office Montreal.

Behind the local Branch stands the total resources of the Bank of Montreal, which today holds the distinction of being by far the oldest institution of its kind in British North America, and one of the largest financial institutions in the British Empire, with over six hundred branches distributed throughout Canada and Newfoundland, while its paid up capital and reserves represent a total in excess of \$60,000,000, and its assets amount to over \$780,000,000. The value of the Bank to the country, however is not to be measured so much by the amount of its capital, or by the size of its dividends, as by the security it has given to those who have trusted it, the facilities it has furnished for the exchange and the increase of commodities, and the assistance it has contributed to the development of the country.

The Branches of the Bank of Montreal are situated alike in the large business centres and in residential districts, in agricultural communities and in mining camps. Everywhere in Canada it is a factor in the life of the community. Today, notwithstanding its influential connections, it is essentially a Bank of the people, a Bank where small accounts are welcome, a Bank to which all classes can come with confidence in the security of deposits entrusted its care, and with the assurance that every facility consistent with sound banking will be extended to those who seek its service.

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the retail meat business of the Sugar City Meat Co. Ltd. has been closed out and the equipment loaned to Fred Piepgrass. No one has authority to do any business for said company except the Secretary-Treasurer, H. F. Allen.

Sugar City Meat Co. Ltd.
Dated at Raymond Sept. 7, 1927.

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News Notes

The marriage of Miss Louisa Ward to Mr. Frank Hicks was solemnized at the Cardston Temple on Wednesday last. The newlyweds will reside at Raymond.

Mr. Alexander Smith and Miss Ethel Rouse were united in marriage at Welling on Tuesday last with Bishop W. Wilde officiating.

Mr. Webb, the new chemist for the sugar factor arrived here last Monday.

Mr. E. C. Cope of the sugar factory purchased a Ford Comp last Saturday.

Garth Galbraith is in the Lethbridge hospital with a broken leg which he received last Sunday when the horse he was riding stepped in a badger hole and fell.

The local high school had an increase of 16 students this week which brings their number up to 80.

Mrs. Anne Hill left last Sat. for her home in Salt Lake.

Wanted — John Deer Beet Plow — Apply Geo. P. Ogloff, Raymond

June Lamb arrived here last Friday for a short visit among friends.

Bert Love returned to Raymond last Thursday. He has been in Salt Lake for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. Hubert Strong from Camrose arrived here last Thurs. for a visit with friends and relatives.

Metropolitan Life Insurance Co.

1927 Dividends of the Lowest Net Cost Policy in the World.

Insurance: \$12,500
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End of 7th year.....	67.68
End of 8th year.....	81.40
End of 9th year.....	95.98
End of 10th year.....	110.58
10th year equity.....	1375.00

Total.....\$2091.63

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Enquiries to:

Montague Raisman,
201 Sherlock Block,
Lethbridge.

News Notes

The Premier Dance Orchestra now have six members in the organization, having added Bob Nason, Saxophonist, to their group of players. The boys play eleven instruments in all and are prepared to "deliver the goods". Hear them Saturday night at the Opera House.